Seismic Technical Guide

Code Requirements ¹	According to ASCE/SEI 7 section 13.5.6.2.2.d, for seismic design categories D, E and F in ceiling areas exceeding 2,500 sq. ft. (232m ²), a seismic
	separation joint or full height partition that breaks the ceiling up into areas not exceeding 2,500 sq. ft. shall be provided unless structural analyses are performed.
	The requirement is clear, however the actual construction and placement of the seismic separation joint is left for interpretation. USG [®] has a long history of product development and innovation for suspended ceiling systems in seismic applications and continues to commit significant resources to this endeavor. We have thoroughly examined this separation joint requirement and conducted full-scale seismic shake-table tests of our DONN DH4 4-way seismic separation joint clip at the University of California Berkeley, Pacific Earthquake Engineering and Research Center (PEER). The findings of this study and our recommendations are presented in this technical guide to assist in the interpretation of this important requirement. Seismically tested and listed in PEI Evaluation Report, PER-12060. There are many factors that affect the arrangement of seismic separation joints and USG recommends that the design team, consulting engineers and code officials work together to analyze these factors and determine the appropriate construction and application of seismic separation joints.
Guidelines	 Seismic separation joints can be installed in any combination of main tees or cross tees.
Guidelines	 Seismic separation joints may be constructed at a main tee/cross tee intersection to conceal the separation joint from below.
	 Suspension system tees may be broken to construct a seismic separation joint provided a device is used to secure the tees together that allows movement or supplementary hanger wires should be installed.
	 Care should be taken to avoid the construction of a seismic separation joint on a suspension system tee that directly supports a light fixture or diffuser.
	 A device may be inserted onto a suspension system tee to conceal a seismic separation joint from below provided the device allows sufficient movement of the joint.
	 Lateral force bracing should not be attached directly to seismic separation joints.
	 The requirements for seismic separation joints are meant for the suspension system alone and ceiling panels should not be installed differently.
	 Where several separation joints occur in a large suspended ceiling, the border of the joint in the field of the suspended ceiling should not be treated as a perimeter.
	 A braced partition or kicker may be constructed to minimize or eliminate seismic separation joints.
	$-$ Seismic separation joints shall be capable of allowing \pm 3/4 in [18 mm] axial movement.
	 Seismic separation joints should be installed such that the area less than 2,500 sq. ft. (232m²) has a ratio of the long to short dimension less than or equal to 4.
	 A structural engineer should be consulted for very large suspended ceilings where multiple separation joints are necessary to break the ceiling into areas less than 2,500 sq. ft. (232m²).
	¹ See last page for Seismic Code Reference Standards



Accessories

Catalog Number	Description	Profile	Isometric
DH4	4-Way Seismic Separation Joint Clip		
TFS-1	DX/DXL Tee-Face Sleeve (3" long) for 15/16" systems	$\begin{array}{c} & & \\$	
TFS-2	Tee-Face Sleeve (3" long) for 9/16" DXT Systems	$ \begin{array}{c} $	
		Note: Construction details can be found in the subsequent pages	





Centricitee[™] DX/DXLT Systems



Fineline[®]/DXF/DXLF Systems



Fineline[®] 1/8 DXFF Systems





Note: The performance of DONN seismic systems is based on the specific combination of superior components and design and installation methods shown. Components from other manufacturers were not evaluated, and their use or any mixed use is not recommended.





Lateral Bracing Loads

Strength Analysis

USG has conducted extensive testing and verified the strength analysis of lateral bracing on our various suspension system profiles. Tests were conducted in three different configurations: 45 degrees off plane, 45 degrees on plane and 90 degrees on plane.



Intermediate	Duty				Heavy Duty				
Main Tee		Wire Pull A	Wire Pull B	Wire Pull C	Main Tee		Wire Pull A	Wire Pull B	Wire Pull C
Product	Profile	45° Off Plane	45° On Plane	90° On Plane	Product	Profile	45° Off Plane	45° On Plane	90° On Plane
DX/DXL24	↓ ↓ 15/16 [#] →	419 lbs	482 lbs	402 lbs	DX/DXL26	↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	426 lbs	482 lbs	402 lbs
DXT24	→ ⁹ /16" ←	488 lbs.	485 lbs.	430 lbs.	DXT26	→ ⁹ /16" →	431 lbs.	469 lbs.	468 lbs.
DXFF2824	→ ⁹ /16" →	454 lbs.	499 lbs.	395 lbs.	DXFH2924	→ ⁹ /16" +	500 lbs.	500 lbs.	500 lbs.

Sample Layouts

The suspended ceiling layouts are provided as a guide to illustrate potential locations of seismic separation joints. There are many factors that determine the orientation of a suspended ceiling and location of seismic separation joints on a project. These layouts should be used as a reference only. Other restrictions and exemptions may apply. The specific application and location of seismic separation joints should be verified by a design professional before installation.



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Structural Analysis

Seismic Separation Joint Exemption

Seismic Separation Joint Exemption by Structural Analysis ¹	There is a provision in the code where structural analysis may eliminate or decrease the requirements for seismic separation joints required in seismic design categories D, E and F. ASCE/SEI 7 section 13.5.6.2.2.d states, for ceiling areas exceeding 2,500 sq. ft. (232 m ²), a seismic separation joint or full height partition that breaks the ceiling up into areas not exceeding 2,500 sq. ft. shall be provided unless structural analyses are performed of the ceiling bracing system for the prescribed seismic forces that demonstrate ceiling system penetrations and closure angles provide sufficient clearance to accommodate the anticipated lateral displacement. Please refer to ASCE/SEI 7 section 13.3.2 for the necessary displacement calculations. The typical maximum allowable displacement is 3/4 in. for most ceiling systems.
	To examine this approach a structural engineer should be consulted to determine the anticipated lateral displacement in a ceiling. Some of the factors affecting the lateral displacement calculations are: - Suspension system deformation analysis - Seismic design force - Building configuration
	 Occupancy category Story height
	Note: A structural engineer should be consulted for each project. Always check with a local official prior to designing and installing a ceiling system. Other restrictions and exemptions may apply. This is only intended as a quick reference.
	¹ For more information please refer to SC2545, Seismic Separation Joint Exemption Through Analysis. Please visit <u>usg.com</u> or <u>seismicceilings.com</u> . The USG resource listed here can be downloaded from these sites.

Seismic Code Reference Standards

	Installation Guidelines for Suspended Ceilings						
nternational Building Code (IBC)	2003 IBC	2006 IBC	2009 IBC	2012 IBC			
merican Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE)	ASCE7-02	ASCE7-05	ASCE7-05	ASCE7-10			
eilings Interior Systems Construction	CISCA Zones 0-2	CISCA Zones 0-2	CISCA Zones 0-2	ASTM E580			
r r	CISCA Zones 3-4	CISCA Zones 3-4	CISCA Zones 3-4				
STM International (ASTM)							
	International Building Co www.iccsafe.org	de (IBC) defines Seismic De	esign Categories A, B, C, D, E,	and F.			
	ASCE/SEI 7 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures American Society of Civil Engineers/Structural Engineer Institute (ASCE/SEI) www.asce.org						
	Guidelines for Seismic Restraint for Direct-hung Suspended Ceiling Assemblies (Zones 3-4) Recommendations for Direct-hung Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panel Ceilings (Zones 0-2) CISCA Ceilings & Interior Systems Construction Association (CISCA) www.cisca.org						
	ASTM InternationI E580/E580M Standard Practice for Installation of Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical TIIe and Lay-in Panels in Areas Subject to Earthquate Ground Motions. ASTM International (formerly American Society for Testing and Materials) www.astm.org						
Further References	USG Seismic Ceiling Res Seismic Technical Guides seismicceilings.com	ource Center					
Product Information See usg.com for the most up-to-date product information.	Purpose This seismic technical guide (STG) is intended as a resource	ICC Evaluation Service, Inc., Report Compliance Suspension systems manu-	Progressive Engineering Inc. Evaluation Report Compliance	Note The University of California does not endorse specific products.			
Installation Must be installed in compliance with ASTM C636, ASTM E580, CISCA, and standard industry practices.	tor design protessionals, to promote more uniform criteria for plan review and jobsite inspection of projects. This STG indicates an accept- able method for achieving	tactured by USG Interiors, Inc., have been reviewed and are approved by listing in ICC-ES Evaluation Report ESR-1222. Evaluation Reports are subject to reexamination, revision and	Seismically tested and listed in PEI Evaluation Report, PER-12060. Notice We shall not be liable for incidental and consequential	Safety First! Follow good safety/industrial hygiene practices during installation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Read MSDS and literature			
Code Compliance The information presented is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of issu-	compliance with applicable codes and regulations, although other methods proposed by design professionals may be considered and adopted	possible cancellation. Please refer to usgdesignstudio.com or usg.com for current reports.	damages, directly or indirectly sustained, nor for any loss caused by application of these goods not in accordance with	before specification and installation.			
ance. Because codes continue to evolve, check with a local official prior to designing and installing a ceiling system. Other restrictions and exemp- tions may apply This is only	טיוטעפופע מוע מעטעופט.	Compliance Down brand suspension systems manufactured by USG Interiors, Inc., have been reviewed and are approved by listing in the following L A pacegraph popart	current printed instructions or for other than the intended use. Our liability is expressly limited to replacement of defective goods. Any claim shall be deemed waived unless made in writing				



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usg.com seismicceilings.com sustainableceilings.com usgdesignstudio.com

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date it was or reasonably should have been discovered.

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