Controlling sound to make buildings more functional, productive and comfortable



Acoustical Assemblies



Acoustical design can be one of the most complex facets of architecture and construction. Depending on the purpose of a building or room, primary acoustical requirements could include sound control between spaces, sound control within a space, or listening efficiency in meeting rooms and auditoriums. Just as technical challenges can vary widely from space to space, so, too, do the choices of materials and design details that can meet them. Thoroughly exploring these options requires time and effort. However, this investment can yield important benefits – happier tenants, higher property values, reduced turnovers and vacancies, and greater productivity – that clients will value just as highly as they do the allure of your design.

Making Sound Choices

User's Guide

This brochure provides:

- Comprehensive information about strategies for enhancing acoustics and sound control
- Guidelines for selecting USG products and systems to meet acoustical needs in a range of applications
- Technical information and test data for featured products and systems

| | Pages | |
|----------------------|-------|-----------------------|
| Introduction | 4 | Overview |
| | - | Definitions |
| | | Components |
| | | |
| Systems Overview | 11 | Performance Testing |
| | | |
| | | |
| Systems Design | 14 | Performance Selector |
| | 1.4 | Design Details |
| | | Flanking Path Details |
| | | Good Design Practices |
| For More Information | | Technical Service |
| | | 800 USG.4YOU |
| | | Web Site |
| | | www.usg.com |
| | | |

3 USG Acoustical Assemblies

Overview

Acoustics affect critical aspects of a building's function, from productivity in office settings and performance quality in theaters and auditoriums, to the price an apartment, condominium or single-family house can command. Understanding how to select a combination of building materials, system designs and construction technologies that will provide the most appropriate sound control is key to creating a successful acoustical design.

While the science behind sound is well understood, using that science to create the desired acoustical quality within a building or room is complex. No single acoustical "solution" can be universally applied to all designs. Each environment features unique parameters the architect and designer must consider when developing floor plans, selecting materials and designing assemblies. Virtually every material—from furniture and wall and floor coverings to computer equipment—will affect sound to some degree. However, designing wall partitions, ceiling systems and floor/ceiling assemblies for the distinct qualities of a space will achieve the most effective sound control.

Sound is defined as a vibration in an elastic medium, that is, any material (air, water, physical object) that returns to its normal state after being deflected by an outside force such as a sound vibration. The more elastic a substance, the better it can conduct sound. Lead, for instance, is very inelastic and therefore a poor sound conductor. Steel, on the other hand, is highly elastic, making it an excellent conductor of sound.

Sound travels not only in a straight path from its source but also bounces off partitions, bends around barriers and squeezes through small openings, all of which can allow noise to reach surprisingly far beyond its point of origin. Designers must consider the dynamics of sound when determining how they will control noise within a building.

Definitions

| ge | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| all its own. Some of the most important terms and concepts to be familiar | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| o the space | | | | |
| uditoriums | | | | |
| ct and | | | | |
| pendently, | | | | |
| ised to | | | | |
| | | | | |
| he plenum | | | | |
| eech | | | | |
| | | | | |
| even more | | | | |
| second | | | | |
| nd) through | | | | |
| ut also | | | | |
| machiner | | | | |
| | | | | |
| paces | | | | |
| ffraction. | | | | |
| nt spaces. | | | | |
| ow sound | | | | |
| | | | | |
| es, | | | | |
| | | | | |
| requency | | | | |
| f sound | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Definitions

| Pitch | The oscillation rate of a sound wave, which travels as a small pressure change alternating above and below the static |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| | (at rest) state of the conducting material. Each cycle of compression and re-expansion is a wave. The number of |
| | waves occurring per second is the frequency, which is measured as hertz (Hz); one Hz equals one cycle per second. |
| | A sound's pitch rises as its frequency increases. The human ear can discern sounds ranging from approximately |
| | 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz. Human speech ranges between 125 Hz and 4,000 Hz. |
| Reflection | The bouncing of sound waves off any hard, smooth wall, ceiling or floor surface, making them audible beyond the |
| | immediate area of the source. The shape of surfaces also affects where sound may travel. Concave surfaces |
| | concentrate or focus sound, while convex surfaces can disperse sound in multiple directions. |
| Reverberation | Sound that persists in an enclosed space by reflecting off surfaces in the room. |
| Sound Masking | A carefully engineered sound spectrum similar to that of softly blowing air, which is amplified through speakers to raise |
| | the ambient sound level, "masking" conversations and background noise. In enclosed rooms, sound masking increases |
| | speech privacy by lowering the articulation index, preventing conversations from being overheard. |
| Sound Transmission Class (STC) | Measurement of the ability of a wall or floor assembly to isolate airborne sound and prevent it from passing from one side to the other. |
| Transmission | The passage of sound waves from its source, through a vibrating medium, and to a listener. "Airborne sound" passes |
| | through a space by vibrating the air. "Structure-borne sound" travels through wall partitions, ceilings and floor/ceiling assemblies. |
| Volume | The loudness of a sound—how much the amplitude of a sound wave exceeds the static pressure of the conducting medium as measured in desibels (d). The higher the desibel lovel the greater the volume. Noise from a jot plane |
| | medium—as measured in decibels (dB). The higher the decibel level, the greater the volume. Noise from a jet plane has an amplitude of 140 dB, while a human whisper is approximately 20 dB. Sound in a typical office environment reaches 40 dB to 60 dB. Volume doubles with each 10 dB increase in sound energy. |

Components

| | Acoustically-rated syst | ems have been comprehensively tested for sound | | | |
|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | control. Substitution of | control. Substitution of any components is not recommended or | | | |
| | supported by USG. Re | efer to the material safety data sheet for each | | | |
| | product for complete 1 | health and safety information. | | | |
| eilings | USG Acoustical Ceiling Panels | | | | |
| | - Available with high NRC, CAC, and c | combination NRC/CAC ratings | | | |
| | Provide stylish and effective sound hospitality, educational and office set | control in a full range of commercial applications including retail, healthcare, ettings | | | |
| | Combine top-rated acoustical perfore complement any décor | mance with durability, high light reflectance and a range of textures to | | | |
| | | - Many feature the <i>ClimaPlus</i> [™] Non-Sag Warranty | | | |
| | | - Cast ceiling panels provide unparalleled strength and integral color to mask nicks and scratches for long service life | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | For more information see the follow | For more information see the following brochures: | | | |
| | Ceiling Systems Binder SC2392 | Ceiling Systems Desktop Reference SC2000 | | | |
| | Lencore [®] Spectra [®] Sound Masking | | | | |
| | - Covers ambient noise in large spaces so potential distractions are less intrusive | | | | |
| | - Enhances speech privacy in private offices by preventing conversations from being overheard outside | | | | |
| | - Adds acoustical balance to exceptionally quiet environments | | | | |
| | -Each unit is powered by 16/18 volts AC and includes a self-contained noise generator, audio amplifier, loudspeaker, | | | | |
| | and power supply unit in an aluminum enclosure | | | | |
| | - Supports an optional paging system | | | | |
| | - Allows paging and masking volume to be adjusted independently, and additional central control capabilities | | | | |
| | Allows paging and masking volume | to be aujusted independently, and additional central control capabilities | | | |
| | Allows paging and masking volume are available | to be adjusted independently, and additional central control capabilities | | | |
| | | | | | |

Components

| Walls and Partiti | ons |
|-------------------|-----|
|-------------------|-----|

SHEETROCK[®] Brand Gypsum Panels

- Available in thicknesses of 1/4" to 3/4" for assembling interior partitions with one or more layers per side for effective sound control in any application
- Steel-framed resilient partition systems with sound attenuation fire blanket (SAFB) in the partition cavity can achieve up to 65 STC with multi-layer designs, up to 63 STC with double-layer designs, and up to 56 STC with single-layer designs
- Wood-framed resilient partition systems with SAFB can achieve up to 59 STC with double-layer designs and up to 50 STC with single-layer designs

SA933

- Have achieved up to 4-hr. fire-resistance ratings with 3/4" ULTRACODE® Core panels in steel-framed partition assemblies

Aesthetic Assemblies

For more information see the following brochures:

Moisture-Resistant Assemblies SA932 SHEETROCK Gypsum Panels Submittal Sheet WB1473

USG Area Separation Walls

- -Achieve up to 60 STC
- Offer 2-hr. and 3-hr. fire-resistance ratings; comply with fire-resistance requirements under evaluation reports of UL U336
- Weigh at least 50% less than masonry walls, allowing faster, easier installation

For more information see the following brochures:

| Area Separation Wall Systems | Area Separation Wall Submittal Sheet |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| SA925 | WB2129 |

SHEETROCK Shaft Wall Systems

- -Tested systems achieve up to 58 STC
- Have achieved up to 4-hr. fire-resistance ratings with multi-layer designs (UL U415)
- -Oscillation tested to 1 million cycles to ensure structural performance
- Feature panels with water-resistant facings and/or mold-resistant paper and a water-resistant core to help minimize the risk of moisture damage

For more information see the following brochures:

Shaft Wall Systems SA926 SHEETROCK Gypsum Liner Panels Submittal Sheet WB2278

Plaster Systems

- Veneer plaster partitions achieve up to 63 STC in steel-framed resilient systems and up to 52 STC in wood-framed resilient systems
- Have achieved 1- to 4-hr. fire-resistance ratings for veneer and conventional systems
- Can minimize or eliminate irregularities such as ridging, boarding and nail pops associated with standard drywall construction, plus lower lifecycle costs and greater sustainability
- Used in theaters and auditoriums to create reflective surfaces near the stage to reinforce sound

For more information see the following brochure:

Plaster Wall Systems SA920

SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant

- Helps ensure that partition sound performance matches the promise of sound tests by sealing off spaces at partition perimeters and around cutouts
- Can increase the STC rating of a double-layer, steel-framed partition from 29 to 53 STC
- An integral part of high-performance USG partition designs for attenuation of low-frequency sound from machinery and music
- -Suitable for use at the perimeter of fire-rated wall assemblies

For more information see the following brochure:

SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant Submittal Sheet J678

MICORE® Mineral Fiber Board

- A quality substrate or core for upholstered sound-absorbing wall panels, office dividers and baffles
- Available in thicknesses of 3/8" to 3/4", with 24-28 STC and .25-.35 NRC
- -Nearly 50% lighter than particle board for easy handling and lower freight rates
- Inorganic mineral fibers won't absorb moisture, preventing expansion and warping
- Class A flame spread ratings developed per ASTM E84; UL classification
- Provides very low VOC emissions, per ASTM D5116-97
- Meets requirements for classrooms, per Collaborative for High-Performance Schools (CHPS), Section 01350

For more information see the following brochures:

MICORE 300 Board Submittal Sheet

MICORE 160 Board Submittal Sheet IW944

Components

| Floor/Ceiling Assemblies | Levelrock [®] Floor Underlayment | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | - Low-profile leveling gypsum concrete system increases IIC ratings by as much as 13 points when used with | | | | |
| | LEVELROCK [™] SRB [™] sound reduction board or SRM-25 [™] sound reduction mat - Improves sound control in nominal wood-joist, engineered I-joist, open-web truss, and concrete floor systems - Provides 1- and 2-hr. fire-resistance ratings for wood-framed floor/ceiling assemblies, and 4-hr. ratings for precast concrete assemblies - Available in an unmatched range of compressive strengths from 2,500 to 8,000 psi For more information see the following brochures: | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Floor Underlayment Systems SA305 | High-Strength Flooring Solutions IG1503 | | | |
| | SRM-25 Sound Reduction Mat | | | | |
| | -Low 1/4" profile allows use of the full range of flooring finish materials including hardwood, ceramic tile, and marble | | | | |
| | with smooth transitions between surfaces | | | | |
| | - Elevated on small nodes so less than 5% of surface area makes direct contact with the subfloor | | | | |
| | - Increases STC rating by 4-7 points and IIC rating by 8-13 points | | | | |
| | For more information see the following brochure: | | | | |
| | LEVELROCK SRM-25 Sound Reduction Mat Submittal Sheet IG1619 | | | | |
| | SRB Sound Reduction Board | | | | |
| | - Smooth, coated finish resists abrasion and maintains tight tolerance | | | | |
| | - Just 3/8" thick; allows flexibility in choosing flooring materials | | | | |
| | - Increases STC rating by 2-3 points and IIC rating by 5-8 points | | | | |
| | For more information see the following brochure: | | | | |
| | LEVELROCK SRB Sound Reduction Board Submittal Sheet | | | | |
| | IG1523 | | | | |

Performance Testing

| | Testing provide | es a measuren | nent of maxim | um performance potential | | |
|---------------------|---|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | achieved under controlled laboratory conditions. The actual ability | | | | | |
| | | | • | nd in real-life applications, | | |
| | however, depends on their design and the methods used to install them. Deviations from the detailing shown in this publication, substitution | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | of components | , or damage a | nd improper r | epair or maintenance could | | |
| | severely reduce the acoustical performance of these installations. | | | | | |
| Testing Methods | All USG products and systems undergo exhaustive testing to ensure that they meet exacting standards. USG's products are Classified as to fire resistance and fire-hazard properties. As part of this protocol, Underwriters Laboratories (UL) periodically audits production of these materials to ensure compliance with necessary properties. UL is an independent, not-for-profit organization that has tested products for public safety for over a century. Products are manufactured and tested in accordance with recognized standards. ASTM International is one of the largest voluntary standards development organizations in the world, and is a trusted source for technical standards for materials, products, systems, and services. | | | | | |
| Testing Results | ASTM C423 | | | | | |
| | Sound Absorption and Sound Absorption Coefficients by the Reverberation Room Method measures Noise Reduction | | | | | |
| | Coefficient (NRC). This rating represents the average of a given material's sound absorption coefficients at four | | | | | |
| | frequencies from 250 Hz to 2000 Hz. | | | | | |
| | ASTM E1414 | | | | | |
| | Determination of Sound Transmission Class by the Two-Room Method measures Ceiling Attenuation Class (CAC), the | | | | | |
| | sound reduction in decibels provided between rooms with a shared ceiling and common plenum. This rating represents | | | | | |
| | the average of the sound attenuation at four frequencies from 250 Hz to 2000 Hz. | | | | | |
| Acoustical Ceilings | Panels | NRC | CAC | CAC with Lencore Sound Masking ^a | | |
| | Eclipse™ <i>ClimaPlus</i> | .70 | 35 | 45 | | |
| | Frost [™] <i>ClimaPlus</i> | .70 | 40 | 50 | | |
| | Halcyon [™] <i>ClimaPlus</i> | .90 | 30 | 40 | | |
| | Mars [®] <i>ClimaPlus</i> | .70 | 35 | 45 | | |

Performance Testing

ASTM E90

Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements measures Sound Transmission Class (STC), the acoustical isolation provided by a barrier material or partition assembly. This rating represents the average of the sound attenuation between two spaces at four frequencies from 250 Hz to 2000 Hz.

Walls and Partitions

SHEETROCK Brand Gypsum Panels

| Partition Type | UL Designs | Framing ^b | Max. STC |
|----------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Multi-Layer | U419, U455 | Steel/Resilient Channel | 65 |
| Double-Layer | U419, U454 | | 63 |
| Single-Layer | U419, U451 | | 56 |
| Double-Layer | U334 | Wood/Resilient Channel | 59 |
| Single-Layer | U311 | | 50 |

USG Area Separation Walls

| Wall Type | UL Designs | STC (Tested Assemblies) |
|-----------|------------|-------------------------|
| Solid | U336 | 46 to 60 |

SHEETROCK Shaft Wall Systems

| Nail Type | UL Designs | STC (Tested Range) |
|-----------|------------|--------------------|
| Cavity | U415 | 39-58 |

Veneer Plaster Systems

| Framing | UL Designs | STC (Tested Assemblies) |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Non-loadbearing Steel | U411, U412, U419, U435, U448, U455 | 40-59 |
| Non-loadbearing Steel/Resilient | U419, U423, U440, U451, U452, U453, U454 | 50-63 |
| Wood | U305, U314 | 34-46 |
| Wood/Resilient | U311 | 49-52 |

Mineral Fiber Board

| | MICORE 300 Board | | MICORE 160 Board | |
|-----------|------------------|-------|------------------|-------|
| Thickness | STC | NRC | STC | NRC |
| 3/8″ | 24 | .25 | 22 | — |
| 7/16″ | 24 | .2530 | — | — |
| 1/2″ | 25 | .3035 | 24 | .3040 |
| 5/8″ | 26 | .3035 | 26 | .3040 |
| 3/4″ | 28 | .3035 | 26 | .5560 |

Notes

(a) LENCORE sound masking adds the equivalent of 10 points of CAC by increasing ambient background sound by 10 dB. (b) Includes SAFB in the partition cavity.

(c) Performance shown for perforated products.

ASTM E492

Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Impact Sound Transmission Through Floor-Ceiling Assemblies Using the Tapping Machine determines Impact Isolation Class (IIC), the ability of a floor/ceiling assembly to isolate noise from footsteps and other impact sources. This performance is tested using a tapping machine that impacts the floor of a "source" room and measuring the amount of sound that comes through the ceiling of a "receiving" room located directly below.

| Floor/Ceiling Assemblies | LEVELROCK Floor Underlay Sound Isolation System | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|-------|-------|
| | Framing | Sound Barrier | Floor Finish | IIC | STC |
| | I-Joist | SRM-25 Sound | Carpet | 77 | 65 |
| | | Reduction Mat | Sheet Vinyl | 55-58 | 60-64 |
| | | | Ceramic Tile | 54-56 | 60-66 |
| | | | Wood Laminate | 52-54 | 60-64 |
| | I-Joist | SRB Sound | Wood Laminate | 61 | 65 |
| | | Reduction Board | Ceramic Tile | 51 | 65 |
| | | | Sheet Vinyl | 54 | 65 |
| | Truss | SRM-25 Sound | Carpet | 73 | 61 |
| | | Reduction Mat | Ceramic Tile | 56 | 61 |
| | | | Sheet Vinyl | 55 | 61 |
| | Truss | | Carpet | 76 | 58 |
| | | | Sheet Vinyl | 48 | 58 |

Legend

| | Architectural E | Elements | | Architectural | Elements | |
|--|------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------------|---------------|---|
| | Component | Cross Section | Profile | Component | Cross Section | Architectural Material Symbols |
| This legend contains the symbols used throughout the Architectural Reference Library to represent various architectural elements. | C-H studs | F | | Polystyrene insulation | | <u>CARRENCE ARENA (A 1997) (A 19</u> |
| Profile and cross-section views are shown where appropriate, along with architectural material symbols. | Z-furring | 1 | | Blanket insulation | | |
| | Engineered joist | F | | Solid wall | | |
| | | 自 | | Plywood | | |
| | Decking | | ~~~~~ | Cement board | | |
| | Decking | | | Poured gypsum | | |
| | Lath | | | Gypsum board | | |
| | Wood truss | | | or plaster | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Wood joist or stud | | | Tile | | |
| | | Δ | | Concrete or precast concrete | | |
| | Steel joist or stud | | | Ceiling panel | | |
| | Steel truss | | | | | |
| | RC-1 channel | ~ | | | | |
| | Furring channel | Ţ | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

14 USG Acoustical Assemblies

A

Partitions

Steel Framed

| Non-loadbearing | | Acou | ustical Performance | Fire Per | formance | Referen | ce |
|---|---|----------|--|----------|------------------------|----------------|-------|
| Construction Detail | Description | STC | Test Number | Rating | Test Number | ARL | Index |
| wt. 6 1 4%" | • 5/8" SHEETROCK® Brand FIRECODE® Core Gypsum Panels or IMPERIAL® Brand FIRECODE Core Abuse-Resistant Gypsum Base, FIBEROCK® Brand Panels | 40 49 | USG-860808 SA-870717 Based on 3" SAFB in cavity | 1 hour | UL Des U419 or U465 | SA700 SA920 | A-1 |
| | - 3-5/8" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. - joints finished optional veneer plaster | 51 | RAL-TL-90-166 Based on 5/8" FIRECODE C Core panels and 3" SAFB, and veneer finish surface SAFB 25" wide, creased to fit cavity | | | | |
| wt. 7 1 4" 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 2-1/2" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. 1-1/2" THERMAFIBER SAFB joints finished | 41 | RAL-TL-69-148 Based on same construction without THERMAFIBER SAFB SA-800504 | 1 hour | UL Des U419 or U448 | SA920 | A-2 |
| wt. 7 | Face layer 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels | 53 | CK-684-13 Based on 1-1/2" mineral wool | 1 hour | GA-WP-1090 | | A-3 |
| 3%" | 1-5/8" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. base layer 1/4" SHEETROCK Brand Gypsum Panels joints finished | | batt and 2-1/2" studs | | | | |
| wt. 7 1 3'/ ₆ " | Alternate based on 2-1/2" 25 gauge steel studs and 1/2" face layer laminated | 53 | NGC-2318 Based on 2" glass fiber | 1 hour | GA-WP-1051 | | A-4 |
| wt. 5 | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels | 50 | RAL-TL-87-156 | 1 hour | UL Des U419 or U451 | SA920 | A-5 |
| | - 3-5/8" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. - 3" THERMAFIBER SAFB - RC-1 channel or equivalent one side spaced 24" o.c. optional veneer plaster | 54 | RAL-TL-83-216 Based on 5/8" thick panels | | | | |
| clg. wt. 5 | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels | 56 | RAL-TL-87-139 | 1 hour | UL Des U419 or U451 | SA920 | A-6 |
| | - 6" 20 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. - 5" THERMARIBER SAFB - RC-1 channel or equivalent one side spaced 24" o.c. | 56 | RAL-TL-84-141 Based on 5/8" thick Sheetroock Brand Firecode C Core Gypsum Panels | | | | |
| wt. 14 | 1/2" DUROCK Brand Cement Board and 1/4" ceramic tile | 48 | SA-840321 | 1 hour | UL Des U442 | SA934 | A-7 |
| | - 3-5/8" 20 gauge steel studs 16" o.c. - 3" THERMAFIBER SAFB - alternate design 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE Core Gypsum Panels, one side | 50 | SA-840313 Based on alt design | | | | |

A

Partitions

Steel Framed

| Non-loadbearing | | Acou | ustical Performance | Fire Per | formance | Referen | ce |
|---|---|----------|---|---------------|------------------------|---------|-------|
| Construction Detail | Description | STC | Test Number | Rating | Test Number | ARL | Index |
| wt. 7 | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels -3-5/8" 20 gauge studs 24" o.c. -3" THERMAFIBER SAFB RC-1 channel or equivalent one side spaced 24" o.c. - 2 layers gypsum panels - face layer joints finished optional veneer plaster | 58 59 | RAL-TL-83-215 RAL-TL-84-140 6" 20 ga struc studs and 5" THERMAFIBER SAFB | 1-1/2 hour | UL Des U452 | SA920 | A-8 |
| wt. 9 ↑ 5⁄8" | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels each side - 1-5/8" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. froe lower birth of the data steel study 24" o.c. | 50 | USG-840817 Based on 3-5/8" stud assembly without mineral wool batt | 2 hour | UL Des U419 or U412 | SA920 | A-9 |
| | face layer joints finished optional veneer plaster | 52 | SA-860932 Based on lamin. face layer, 1-1/2" mineral wool batt and 2-1/2" studs | | | | |
| | | 54 | CK-654-40 Based on 2-1/2" studs, screw- attached face layer and 1-1/2" mineral wool batt | | | | |
| | | 55 | SA-800421 Based on 3-5/8" studs and 1-1/2" mineral wool batt | | | | |
| wt. 11 | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE Core Gypsum Panels, or FIBEROCK Brand Panels 1-5/8" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. face layer joints finished optional veneer plaster | 48 | BBN-770408 Based on 3-5/8" studs and 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels | 2 hour | UL Des U419 or U411 | SA920 | A-10 |
| | • optional veneer plaster | 56 | USG-840818 Based on 3-5/8" studs and 3" mineral wool batt | | | | |
| wt. 7 1 5" 1 10000000000000000000000000000000 | 3/4" SHEETROCK Brand ULTRACODE Core Gypsum Panels - 3-1/2" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. - 3" THERMAFIBER SAFB - joints finished | 50 | USG-910617 | 2 hour | UL Des U419 or U491 | | A-11 |
| vt. 7 | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels - 3-5/8" 20 gauge studs 24" o.c. - 3" THERMAFIBER SAFB - RC-1 channel or equivalent one side spaced 24" o.c. - single-layer gypsum panels screw- | 59 | RAL-TL-84-136 Based on 5/8" thick panels, 6" 20 gauge structural studs, 5" mineral wool batt RAL-TL-87-140 Based on 1/2" thick panels, | 2 hour | UL Des U419 or U453 | SA920 | A-12 |
| | attached to studs – double layer screw-attached to channel – face layer joints finished • optional veneer plaster | | 6" 20 gauge structural studs, 5" mineral wool batt | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |



| Non-loadbearing | | Acou | ustical Performance | Fire Per | formance | Referen | ce | |
|---|---|----------------------------|--|------------------|----------------------------|--------------|------|--|
| - | Description | | Test Number | | | ARL Index | | |
| Construction Detail wt. 9 5" 107070707070707070707070707070707070707 | UESCIPION 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 2-1/2" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. 1" THERMAFIBER SAFB RC-1 channel or equivalent one side, spaced 24" o.c. double layer gypsum panels screw- attached to channel, 2 layers screw- attached to steel studs face layer joints finished optional veneer plaster | 60 61 63 62 | USG-871207 Based on 5/8" thick panels RAL-TL-87-154 RAL-TL-87-154 Based on 5/8" thick panels RAL-TL-87-141 Based on 6" 20 gauge structural studs and 5" mineral wool batt RAL-TL-84-139 Based on 5/8" thick panels, 6" 20 gauge structural studs and | Rating 2 hour | Test Number UL Des U454 | ARL SA920 | A-13 | |
| wt. 18 | 1/2" DUROCK Brand Cement Board and 1/4" ceramic tile base layer 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 3-5/8" 20 gauge steel studs 16" o.c. 3" THERMAFIBER SAFB face layer joints taped alternate design 2 layers 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels, one side | 56 | 5" mineral wool batt SA-851016 Based on alternate design SA-851028 | 2 hour | UL Des U443 | SA934 | A-14 | |
| wt. 13 | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 1-5/8" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. optional veneer plaster | 59 | SA-830112 Based on assembly with 1-1/2" mineral wool batt in cavity | 3 hour | UL Des U419 or U435 | SA920 | A-15 | |
| <i>t.</i> 11 | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 3-5/8" 20 gauge studs 24" o.c. 3" THERMARIBER SAFB RC-1 channel or equivalent one side, spaced 24" o.c. face layer joints finished | 61 62 63 64 65 | RAL-TL-87-153 Based on 5/8" thick panels RAL-TL-83-213 Based on 5/8" thick panels RAL-TL-84-138 Based on 5/8" thick panels, 6" 20 gauge structural studs and 5" THERMAFIBER SAFB RAL-TL-87-142 Based on 6" 20 gauge structural studs and 5" THERMAFIBER SAFB RAL-TL-87-142 Based on 5/8" thick panels, 6" 20 gauge structural studs and 5" THERMAFIBER SAFB RAL-TL-84-150 Based on 5/8" thick panels, 6" 20 gauge structural studs, 5" THERMAFIBER SAFB, acoustical sealant bead between panels and studs, dabs 8" o.c. between panel layers on stud side | 3 hour | UL Des U419 or U455 | SA920 | A-16 | |

A

Partitions

Steel Framed

| Non-loadbearing | | Aco | ustical Performance | Fire Per | formance | Referen | ce |
|--|---|----------|--|----------|------------------------|---------|-------|
| Construction Detail | Description | STC | Test Number | Rating | Test Number | ARL | Index |
| wt. 13 | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 3-5/8" 20 gauge studs 24" o.c. 3" THERMARBER SAFB RC-1 channel or equivalent one side, spaced 24" o.c. face layer joints finished | 63 65 | RAL-TL-87-152 RAL-TL-87-143 6" 20 gauge structural studs, 5" Thermaniber SAFB | 3 hour | UL Des U419 or U455 | | A-17 |
| wt. 17 | 4 layers 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels, each side 1-5/8" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. optional veneer plaster | 62 | SA-830113 Based on assembly with 1-1/2" mineral wool batt in cavity | 4 hour | UL Des U419 or U435 | SA920 | A-18 |
| wt. 13 | 2 layers 3/4" SHEETROCK Brand ULTRACODE Core Gypsum Panels, each side 2-1/2" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c 2" THERMARBER SAFB – face layer joints finished | 56 | SA-910907 | 4 hour | UL Des U419 or U490 | | A-19 |
| Chase Walls wt. 6 | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE Core | 52 | RAL-TL-76-155 | 1 hour | UL Des U420 | SA920 | A-20 |
| | Gypsum Panels, each side or FIBEROCK Brand Panels 1-5/8" 25 gauge steel studs 24" o.c. in 2 rows 5/8" gypsum panel gussets or steel runner braces spanning chase screw- attached to studs optional veneer plaster | | Based on 3-1/2" insulation, one side | | | | |
| wt. 17 \uparrow $5^{2''}$ 1000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 1/2" DUROCK Brand Cement Board and 1/4" ceramic tile 1-5/8" 20 gauge steel studs 16" o.c. in two rows with horizontal braces 1-1/2" THERMAFIBER SAFB alternate design 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE Core Gypsum Panels, one side | 60 | SA-840515 Based on 3" THERMAFIBER SAFB and alternate design SA-840524 Based on 3" THERMAFIBER SAFB and 3-5/8" studs | 1 hour | UL Des U404 | SA934 | A-21 |
| wt. 18 12" 12" 1000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 1/2" DUROCK Brand Cement Board and 1/4" ceramic tile base layer 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 1-5/8" 25 gauge steel studs 16" o.c. in two rows with horizontal braces 1-1/2" THERMAFIBER SAFB alternate design 2 layers 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels, one side | 65 | SA-841112 SA-841102 Based on 3" THERMAFIBER SAFB and alternate design | 2 hour | UL Des U444 | SA934 | A-22 |



| | • | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-----|--|------------------|------------------------|----------|-------|
| Loadbearing | | | istical Performance | Fire Performance | | Referenc | |
| Construction Detail | Description | STC | | Rating | Test Number | ARL | Index |
| wt. 9 | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 3-1/2" 20 gauge steel structural studs | 49 | USG-811009 Based on 2" mineral wool batt | 1-1/2 hour | UL Des U425 | | A-23 |
| 5½" ↓ | 24" o.c. – face layer joints finished | 49 | USG-810940 Based on 2" mineral wool batt and 6" 20 ga struc studs | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| wt. 11 | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE Core Gypsum Panels or FIBEROCK Brand Panels - 3-1/2" 20 gauge steel structural studs | 48 | USG-811006 Based on 2" SAFB in cavity | 2 hour | UL Des U423 or U425 | | A-24 |
| | Gypsum Panels or FIBEROCK Brand Panels - 3-1/2" 20 gauge steel structural studs 24" o.c. - face layer joints finished - loadbearing up to 100% allowable stud axial load when min 2" THERMAFIBER mineral wool batt is used in stud cavities; otherwise load-bearing up to 80% allowable steel axial load (UL Des U423 or U425) - loadbearing up to 100% allowable stud axial load (UL Des U423) • Alternate based on three layers 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels, each side | 49 | Based on 2" SAFB in cavity USG-810937 Based on 2" SAFB and 6" 20 gauge structural studs | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Partitions

Wood Framed

| Loadbearing | | Aco | ustical Performance | Fire Per | formance | Reference | |
|---------------------|---|----------------|---|----------|----------------------|-----------|-------|
| Construction Detail | Description | | Test Number | Rating | Test Number | ARL | Index |
| wt. 7 ↑ 4¾″ | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE Core Gypsum Panels or FIBEROCK Brand Panels 2x4 wood stud 16" or 24" o.c. joints finished | 34 | USG-30-FT-G&H Based on 16" stud spacing and screws 6" o.c. | 1 hour | UL Des U305, U314 | SA920 | A-25 |
| | optional veneer plaster | 37 | USG-860807 Based on 24" stud spacing | | | | |
| | | 46 | BBN-700725 Based on 24" stud spacing and 3" mineral wool batt | | | | |
| wt. 7 5½" | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 2x4 wood stud 16" or 24" o.c. - 3" THERMAFIBER SAFB - RC-1 channel or equivalent one side - joints finished | 50 | BBN-760903 | 1 hour | UL Des U327 | | A-26 |
| wt. 12 | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE Core Gypsum Panels or SHEETROCK Brand Water-Resistant FIRECODE Core Gypsum Panels or FIBEROCK Brand Panels 2x4 wood studs 16" o.c. | 52 | USG-810218 Based on same assembly (non-fire rated) with RC-1 channel and without mineral wool batt | 2 hour | UL Des U301 | SA920 | A-27 |
| | joints finishedoptional veneer plaster | 58 | USG-810219 Based on same assembly with RC-1 channel and 2" mineral wool batt | | | | |
| Chase Walls | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels, both outside both walls double layer and inside single layer | 57 | RAL-TL-73-224 3-1/2" glass fiber | 1 hour | GA-WP-3810 | | A-28 |
| | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE Core Gypsum Panels, or FIBEROCK Brand Panels 2 rows 2x4 wood studs 16" o.c. on separate plates 1" apart joints finished | 51 56 58 | RAL-TL-69-214 USG-710120 Based on 3-1/2" thick insulation in one cavity GA-NGC-3056 | 2 hour | GA-WP-3820 | | A-29 |
| | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gynsum Panels or FIBEROCK Brand Panels | 47 | RAL-TL-69-211 | 2 hour | GA-WP-3910 | | A-30 |

GA-NGC-2377

20 USG Acoustical Assemblies

plate – joints finished

Gypsum Panels or FIBEROCK Brand Panels - 2x4 wood studs 16" o.c. on 2x6 common 51



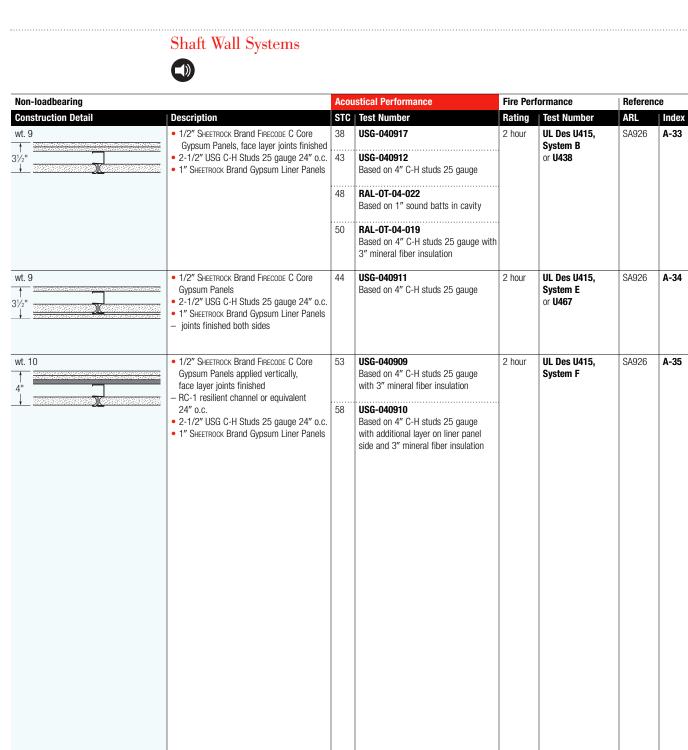
| Construction Detail Description S10 Fest Number Rating Test Number ARL Index 0" | Chase Walls | | Acou | stical Performance | Fire Perf | ormance | Referen | ce | |
|---|-------------|---|------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|---------|-------|--|
| 9" 9" 1/2" DUROCK Brand Cement Board and 1/4" ceramic tile 2 rows 2x4 16" o.c. on 2x8 common plate 3-1/2" THERMAFIBER SAFB both cavities joints taped load-bearing up to 50% allowable design | | Description | | | | | | | |
| | | 1/2" DUROCK Brand Cement Board and 1/4" ceramic tile 2 rows 2x4 16" o.c. on 2x8 common plate 3-1/2" THERMAFIBER SAFB both cavities joints taped load-bearing up to 50% allowable design | STC | | Rating | WHI-495-0505 | | Index | |

Partitions

A

Area Separation Wall Systems

| n-loadbearing | | Αсοι | istical Performance | Fire Performance | | Reference | |
|--|---|----------|--|------------------|-------------|-----------|------|
| struction Detail | Description | STC | Test Number | Rating | Test Number | ARL | Inde |
| | Separation wall (non-loadbearing) 1" SHEETROCK Brand Gypsum Liner Panels 2" USG H-Studs 24" o.c. Protected wall (bearing or non-loadbearing) of wood or steel studs each side min | 46 54 | RAL-TL-88-353 RAL-TL-88-348 Based on 2" mineral wool batt on one side | 2 hour | UL Des U336 | SA925 | A-32 |
| ······································ | 3/4" from liner panels • 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand Gypsum Panels | 57 | RAL-TL-88-351 Based on 2x4s and 3" mineral wool batt one side | | | | |
| | | 58 | RAL-TL-88-347 Based on 2x4s and 2" mineral wool batt on both sides | | | | |
| | | 60 | RAL-TL-88-350 Based on 2x4s and 3" mineral wool batt on both sides | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |



В

Floor/Ceilings

Steel Framed

| Steel C-joist Framing | | | Acoustical Performance | | Fire Performance | | Reference | |
|------------------------------|---|-----|------------------------|---|------------------|--|-----------|-------|
| Construction Detail | Description | STC | IIC | Test Number | Rating | Test Number | ARL | Inde> |
| >>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>> | 2 layers 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 7" 18 gauge steel joists 24" o.c. USG DGL Drywall Suspension System | 39 | | USG-760105 Based on 9-1/2" 16 gauge steel joists | 1 hour | UL Des L524 | | B-1 |
| | (not shown) | 43 | | USG-760310 Based on 9-1/2" 16 gauge steel joists and 3" mineral wool batt | | | | |
| | | 56 | | USG-760106 Based on 9-1/2" 16 gauge steel joists and carpet pad | | | | |
| | | 60 | | USG-760405 Based on 9-1/2" 16 gauge steel joists and carpet pad with 3" mineral wool batt | | | | |
| lg. wt. 3 | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 7-1/2" 18 gauge steel joists 24" o.c. 2-1/2" concrete floor on corrugated | 45 | | KAL-443536 Based on RC-1 channel or equivalent 24" o.c. | 1 hour | Estimated fire rating based on witnessed laboratory test | | B-2 |
| | steel deck – joints finished | | 70 | KAL-443535 Based on carpet and pad | | | | |
| lg. wt. 5 | 2 layers 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 3/4" T&G plywood floor 9-3/8" 16 gauge steel joists 24" o.c. RC-1 channel or equivalent joints finished | 48 | | USG-771101 SA-781110 Based on carpet and pad | 1-1/2 hour | UL Des L527 | | B-3 |
| blg. wt. 5 | • 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core | 44 | | KAL-443533 | 2 hour | Estimated fire rating | | B-4 |
| 1/4" | Gypsum Panels – 7-1/2" 18 gauge steel joists 24" o.c. – 2-1/2" concrete floor over corrugated steel deck | | 73 | KAL-443680 Based on carpet and pad | | based on witnessed laboratory test | | |
| | steel deck – joints finished | 47 | | KAL-443534 Based on RC-1 resilient channel or equivalent 24" o.c. | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| | Wood Framed | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Dimensional Lumber | | Acoustical Performance | | | Fire Performance Reference | | | ce |
| Construction Detail | Description • 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE Core Gypsum Panels, ceiling - 1" nominal wood sub and finished floor - 2x10 wood joist 16" o.c. - joints finished • optional LeveLROCK Brand Floor Underlayment • optional SRM-25 or SRB sound mat • optional veneer plaster | STC 38 39 | IIC 32 56 | Test Number CK-6412-7 Based on 1-1/4" nominal wood floor CK-6412-8 Based on 1-1/4" nominal wood floor, 44 oz carpet and 40 oz pad atop flooring | Rating 1 hour | Test Number UL Des L501 | ARL SA305 SA920 | Index B-5 |
| clg. wt. 3 | 1/2" or 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 1-1/4" nominal wood sub and finished floor - 44 oz carpet and 40 oz pad atop floor - 2x10 wood joist 16" o.c. - RC-1 channel or equivalent - joints finished | 47 | 67 | CK-6512-7 Based on 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand Firecode C Core Gypsum Panels CK-6412-9 Based on 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand Firecode Core Gypsum Panels | 1 hour | UL Des L514 | | B-6 |
| clg. wt. 3 | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 1-5/8" perlite-sand concrete plywood subfloor 2x10 wood joists 16" o.c. RC-1 channel or equivalent joints finished optional veneer plaster | 59 | 47 65 | USG 740704 Based 3" mineral wool batt, 3/4" gypsum concrete and 1/2" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels USG 740703 Based on 3" mineral wool bat, vinyl tile atop flooring USG 740705 Based on 3" mineral wool | 1 hour | UL Des L516 | SA920 | B-7 |
| clg. wt. 3 Image: state s | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 2x10" wood joist 16" o.c. RC-1 channel or equivalent 16" o.c. Insulation held up under subfloor by lightning clips 19/32" T&G wood subfloor 3/4" LEVELROCK Brand Floor Underlayment | 59 58 | 54 | batt, 44 oz. carpet and 40 oz. pad atop flooring RAL-IN04-006/TL04-033 Cushioned vinyl floor, SRM-25, 1" LEVELROCK RAL-IN04-007/TL04-034 Engineered wood-laminate floor SRM-25, 1" LEVELROCK | | | SA305 | B-8 |
| | | 59 59 | 52 | RAL-IN04-005/TL04-032 Carpet with SRM-25, 1" LevelRock RAL-IN04-009/TL04-067 | | | | |
| | | 58 | 50 | Ceramic tile with crack-isolation membrane, SRM-25, 1" LEVELROCK RAL-IN04-013/TL04-100 | | | | |
| | | 58 | 51 | Cushioned vinyl floor, SRB board RAL-IN04-012/TL04-099 Engineered wood-laminate floor, SRB board | | | | |
| | | 58 | 73 | RAL-IN04-010/TL04-097 Carpet with SBB board | | | | |

Carpet with SRB board

25 USG Acoustical Assemblies

В

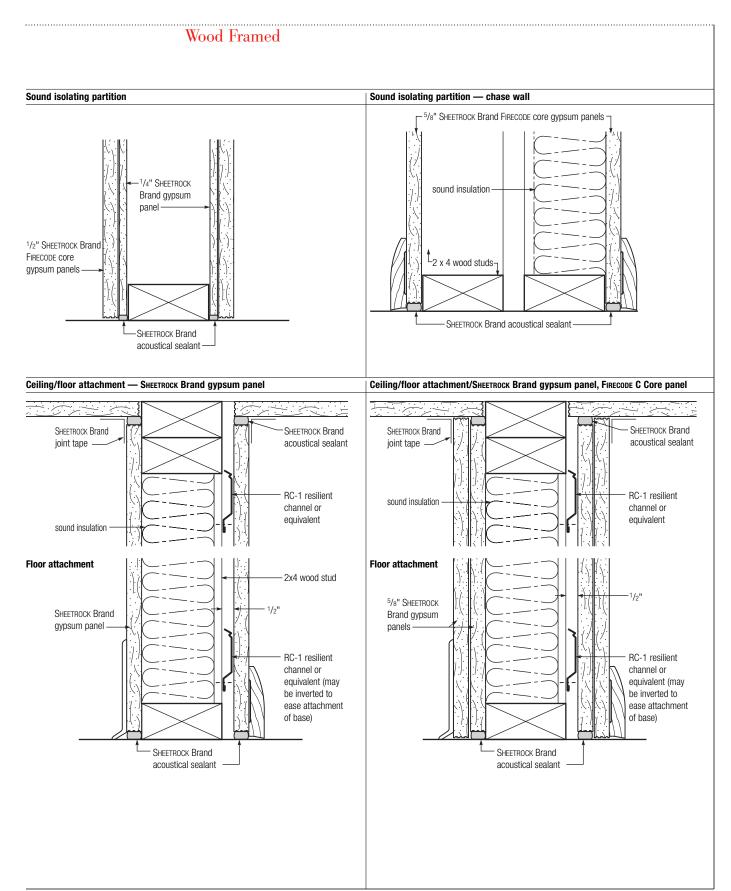
Floor/Ceilings

Wood Framed

| Dimensional Lumber | | Acou | isti <u>ca</u> | Performance | Fire Per | formance | Referen | ce |
|---|--|------|----------------|---|--------------------|--|---------|-------|
| Construction Detail | Description | STC | IIC | Test Number | Rating | Test Number | ARL | Index |
| | 2 layers 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels 8" x 8" ceramic tile 1/2" DUROCK Brand Exterior Cement Board 1" SHEETROCK Brand Gypsum Liner Panels 1/2" plywood 2x10 wood joist 16" o.c. 3" mineral wool batt RC-1 channel or equivalent | | 52 | RAL-IN-89-5 | 2 hour | UL Des L541 | SA934 | B-9 |
| | | 58 | | RAL-TL-89-145 Based on vinyl tile over oriented strand board in place of ceramic tile and cement board | | | | |
| | | | 51 | RAL-IN-89-7 | | | | |
| | | 59 | | RAL-TL-89-146 Based on carpet/pad over oriented strand board in place of ceramic tile and cement board | | | | |
| | | 60 | | RAL-TL-89-141 | | | | |
| | | 62 | | RAL-IN-89-8 | | | | |
| | 2 layers 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels - 2x10 wood joists 16" o.c. - 3" mineral wool batt - RC-1 channel or equivalent | 59 | | RAL-TL-90-40 | 2 hour | UL Des L541 | | B-10 |
| | | | 69 | RAL-IN-90-5 | | | | |
| | | 59 | | RAL-TL-90-40 Based on vinyl tile in place of carpet/pad | | | | |
| | | | 37 | RAL-IN-90-6 | | | | |
| ingineered Joist | | | | | | | | |
| elg. wt. 3 | 5/8" SHEETROCK Brand FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels, ceiling 3/4" T&G plywood | 47 | 40 | RAL-TL-81-87 RAL-IN-81-16 | 1 hour | UL Des L530 based on 9-1/2" deep TJI® joists | SA305 | B-11 |
| | - J/A Tack plywood - I-shaped wood joist 24" o.c. - metal furring channel 24" o.c. 1 - 1/4" 8 pcf THERMAFIBER insulation (UL Des 531) - joints finished optional 3/4" LEVELROCK Brand Floor Underlayment optional SRM-25 or SRB sound mat | | 54 | RAL-IN-81-17 Based on carpet and pad atop flooring | | | | |
| | | | 43 | RAL-IN-81-19 Based on cushioned vinyl atop flooring | | | | |
| FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Pane optional SRM-25 or SRB sou - 19/32" wood subfloor - 9-1/2"deep "I" shaped wood - 14" parallel chord wood trus - RC-1 or equivalent | FIRECODE C Core Gypsum Panels • optional SRM-25 or SRB sound mat – 19/32" wood subfloor – 9-1/2"deep "I" shaped wood joist 24" o.c. – 14" parallel chord wood truss 32" o.c. – RC-1 or equivalent • 3/4" LEVELROCK Brand Floor Underlayment | 64 | 58 | RAL-0T03-05/06 1" LEVELROCK, vinyl, SRM-25, 3-1/2" insulation | 1 hour UL Des L570 | UL Des L570 | SA305 | B-12 |
| | | 64 | 62 | RAL-0T03-07/08 1" LEVELROCK, engineered wood-laminate floor, SRM-25, 3-1/2" insulation | | | | |
| | | 66 | 54 | RAL-0T03-09/10 1" LEVELROCK, Ceramic tile, SRM-25, 3-1/2" insulation | | | | |
| | | 65 | 54 | RAL-0T03-01/02 3/4" Levelrock, vinyl, SRB, 3-1/2" insulation | | | | |
| | | 66 | 51 | RAL-0T03-03/04 3/4" LeveLROCK, ceramic tile, SRB, 3-1/2" insulation, crack isolation membrane | | | | |

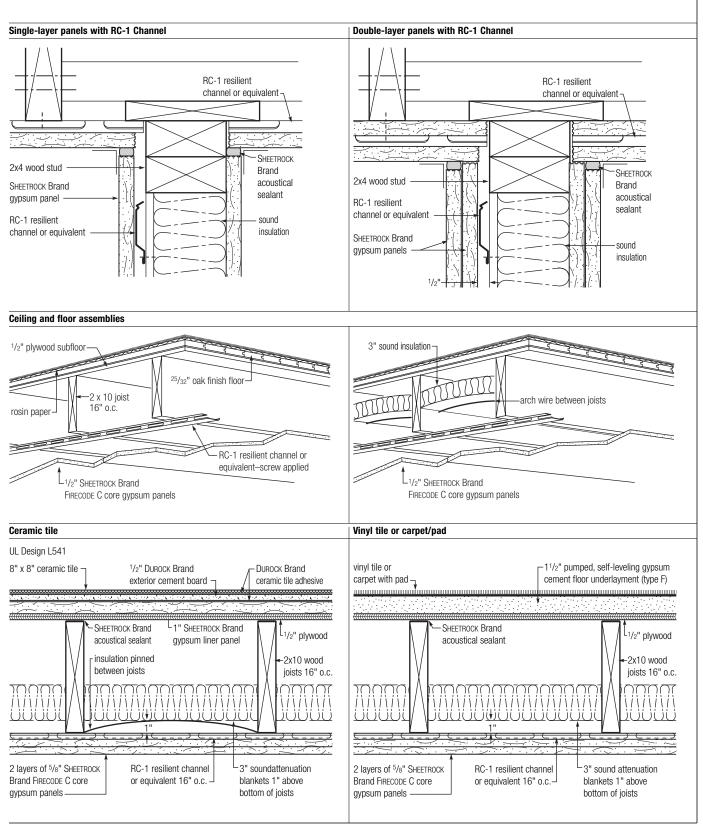
26 USG Acoustical Assemblies

Design Details

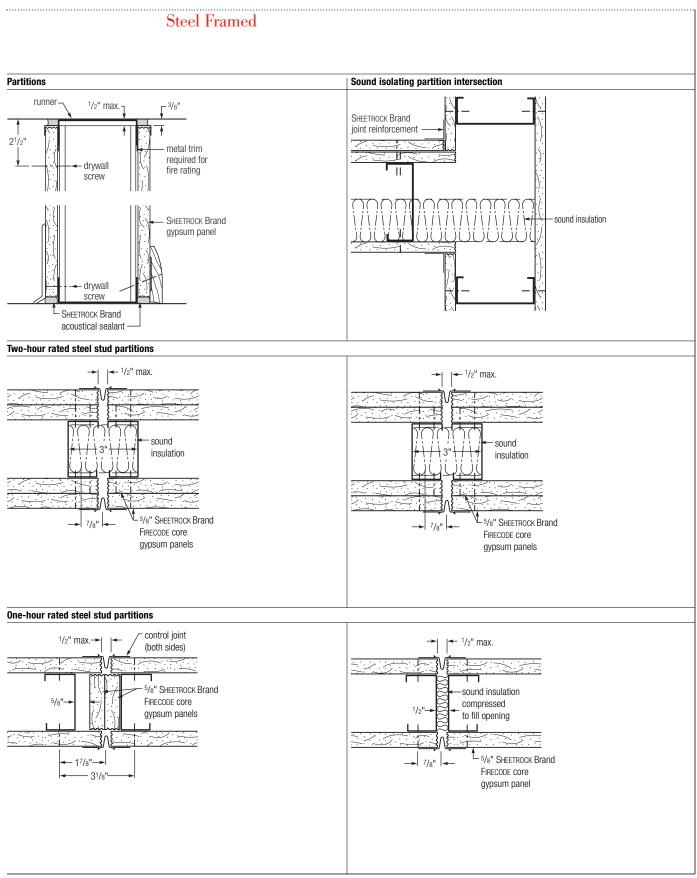


Design Details

Wood Framed



28 USG Acoustical Assemblies

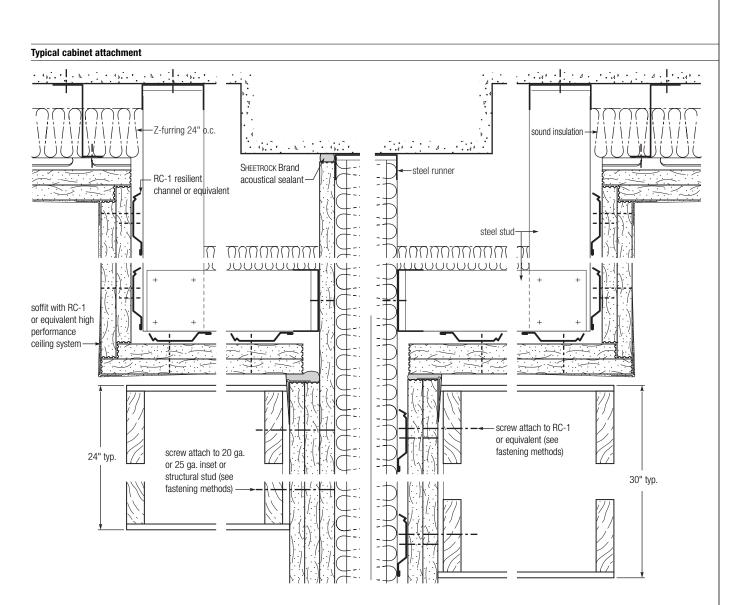


29 USG Acoustical Assemblies

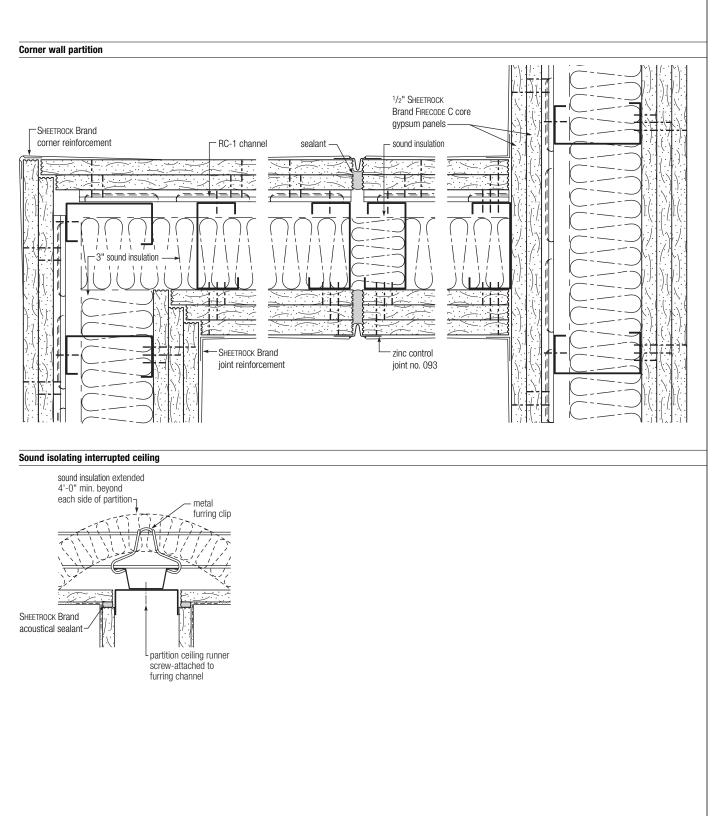
Assemblies

Design Details

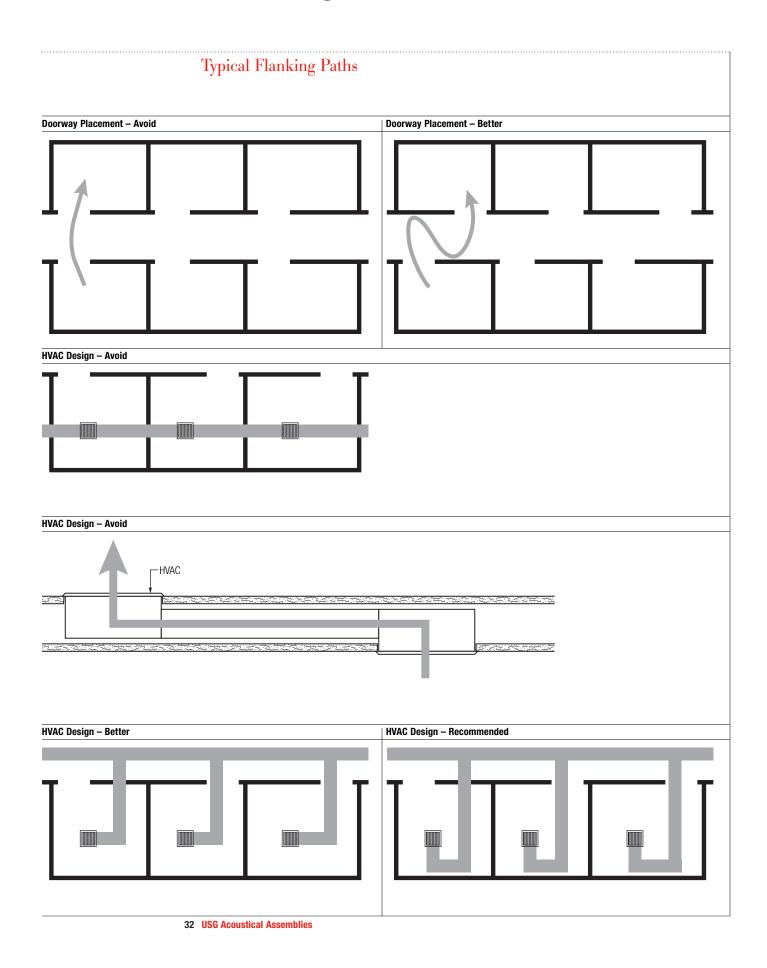
Steel Framed

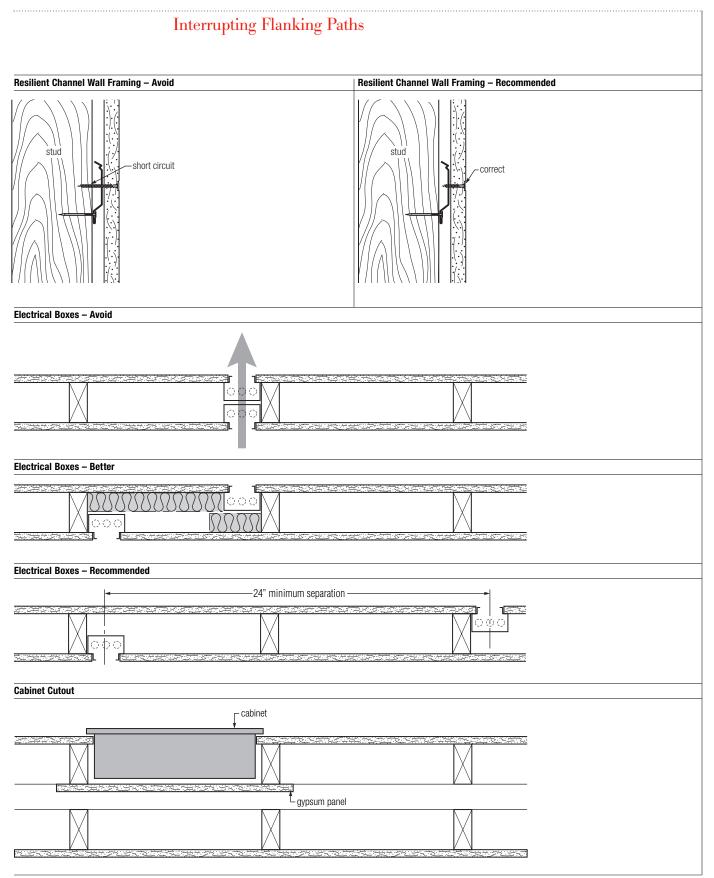


Steel Framed

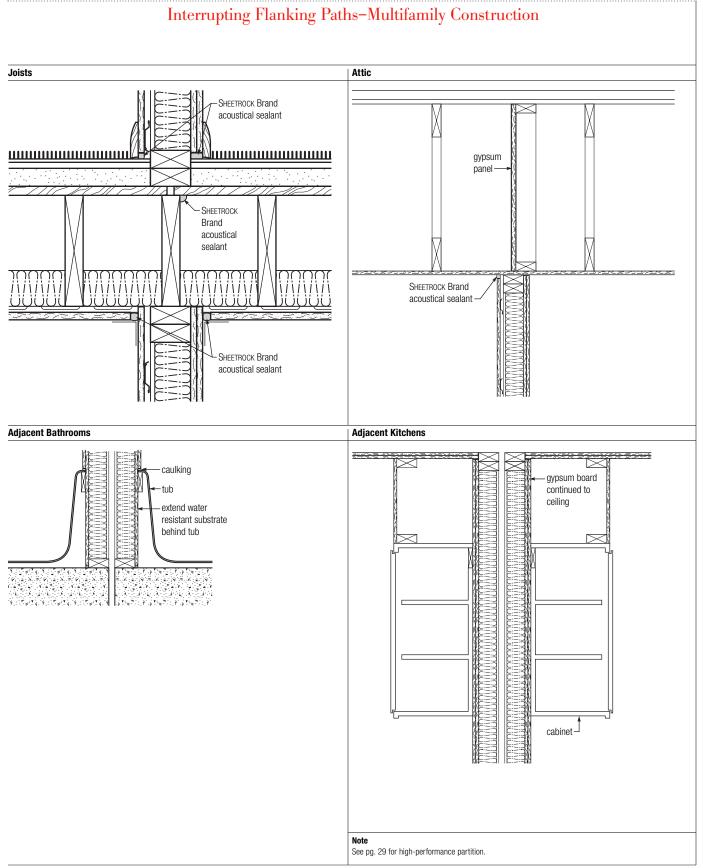


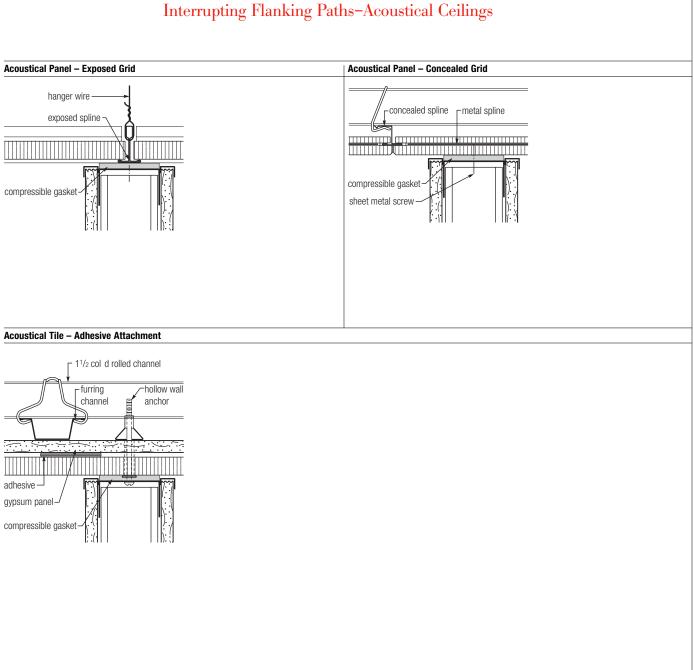
Flanking Path Details





Flanking Path Details





Good Design Practices

In most building design, the No. 1 acoustical goal is to specify wall partitions, ceiling systems and floor/ceiling assemblies that will minimize transmission of airborne and impact sound beyond their areas of origin. This performance can be achieved with a combination of materials, assembly designs and construction methods tested for acoustical performance on a variety of parameters. Here is an overview of design strategies for key components that can make spaces more pleasant, comfortable and productive.

Ceilings

Absorb Sound in Open Spaces

Select high-NRC ceiling panels for open areas to absorb a significant amount of the sound generated within these spaces. Acoustics are further improved with partitions having high STC values to help block sound and prevent transmission across large spaces.

Block Sound in Enclosed Spaces

Choose high-CAC ceiling panels for private offices, meeting rooms and other enclosed areas to block sound from traveling up into the plenum and out to adjacent spaces. This approach will reduce distractions for those outside and improve speech privacy for those within.

Cover Sound in All Areas

Sound masking covers noise that is not absorbed or blocked by introducing uniform, ambient, background sound into the space. Sound masking produces an electronic sound spectrum similar to that of softly blowing air; it is amplified through speakers above the suspended ceiling to unobtrusively raise the background sound level. Sound masking makes noise in open spaces less distracting, increases speech privacy in enclosed spaces and provides greater acoustical balance throughout.

Walls

Increase mass

As partition mass increases, sound waves lose more energy passing through the medium, reducing their ability to vibrate air on the other side. Relying on mass alone, however, poses limitations. Doubling the mass of a partition can reduce sound transmission by up to 5 dB. Thus, achieving a 60 dB reduction would require total mass of 320 pounds per square foot, the equivalent of approximately 3' of solid concrete, not a feasible solution for most building designs.

Enlarge air spaces

Isolating air space within a partition can increase STC performance. But like increasing mass, performance increases are limited. Doubling partition air space can reduce sound transmission by up to 5 dB, so achieving a 60 dB reduction would require an isolated air space 4' wide, hardly practical for most applications.

Add sound insulation

Adding a layer of fibrous sound-absorbing insulation material such as mineral wool into the partition cavity will dissipate sound by creating friction, which transforms a portion of sound wave energy into heat. However, sound attenuation blankets cannot completely counter the conductivity of the wood or steel studs in the framing assembly, which provide a path of least resistance for sound energy.

Decouple wall panels

Attaching the wall surface diaphragm (e.g. drywall panels) directly to framing members provides an uninterrupted path for sound travel. This route can be interrupted by mounting the surface diaphragm to resilient channels attached to the wall studs and placing sound insulation inside the partition cavity.

Seal flanking paths

Closing off gaps or penetrations in the wall assembly is critical to controlling noise. One of the most effective methods is to apply acoustical sealant at the intersection of the gypsum panel, floor system (wood or concrete), and the leg of the steel runner or wood sole plate; sealant should be applied at this location on both sides of the partition. A properly sealed wall assembly with one 5/8" gypsum panel on each side and a 1-1/2" thick sound attenuation blanket installed in the air cavity achieves an STC of 53. Without acoustical sealant, this assembly would produce an STC of only 29—a dramatic 45 percent reduction.

Increase isolation with steel studs

A single-layer partition with 5/8" gypsum panels and 3-5/8" stud achieves 40 STC with 25-ga. steel and 38 STC with 20-ga. steel. STC falls to 35 with a traditional 2' x 4' stud due to the greater stiffness of wood.

Floor/Ceiling Assemblies

Isolate sound

Whether constructed with joists, trusses or concrete slabs, floor systems can develop gaps or cracks, providing a flanking path for sound to travel between levels of a building. Even properly sealed assemblies can transmit noise from footsteps, falling objects, closing doors and other impacts. These acoustical problems can be significantly reduced with a flooring system that includes a layer of sound absorbing material topped with a poured cementitious underlayment. The poured underlayment finds and seals cracks and other sound channels, then hardens to form a solid barrier isolated from the structure below by the sound mat or board. This system can provide STC ratings as high as 66 and increase IIC by as much as 13 points, a significant improvement.

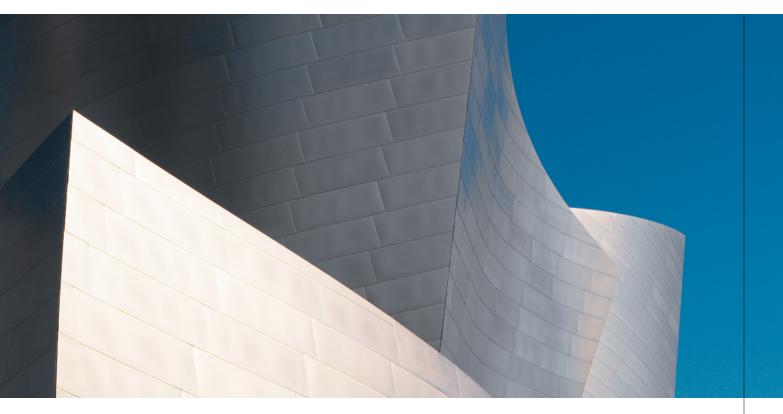
STC Guidelines

| | | | STC | | |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|------|
| Building Type | Room | Adjacent Room Room | Minimum ⁴ | Medium | High |
| Residential, | Bedroom | Bedroom | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| including motels, hospitals, and dormitories | | Living room | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| | | Kitchen | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| | | Bathroom | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| | | Corridor | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | | Lobby | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| | | Mech. room | 55 | 60 | 60+ |
| | Living Room | Living room | 40 | 45 | 55 |
| | | Kitchen | | 50 | 60 |
| | | Bathroom | 45 | 50 | 60 |
| | | Corridor | 45 | 50 45 | |
| | | | 45 | | 55 |
| | | Lobby | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| | | Mech. room | 50 | 60 | 60+ |
| | Kitchen or Bathroom | Kitchen | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| | | Bathroom | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| | | Corridor | 40 | 40 | 50 |
| | | Lobby | 45 | 50 | 60 |
| | | Mech. room | 45 | 55 | 60+ |
| Business | Office | Office | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | | General area | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| | | Corridor | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| | | Washroom | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | | Kitchen | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | | Conference room | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | Conference Room | General area | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| | | Corridor | 40 | 40 | 45 |
| | | Washroom | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| | | Kitchen | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | | Conference room | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| | General Area | Corridor | 40 | | 45 |
| | | Washroom | 40 | 40 | 50 |
| | | Kitchen | 45 | 45 50 | 55 |
| abaal | Classroom | | | | 55 |
| School | Classroom | Classroom | 45 | 50 | |
| | | Laboratory | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | | Corridor | 40 | 40 | 45 |
| | | Kitchen | 50 | 55 | 55 |
| | | Shop | 55 | 60 | 60 |
| | | Recreation area | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | | Music room | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| | | Mech. room | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| | | Washroom | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | Music Room | Laboratory | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | | Corridor | 45 | 50 | 55 |
| | | Shop | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| | | Recreation area | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| | | Music room | 55 | 60 | 60 |
| | | Mech. room | 50 | 55 | 60 |

Note

(d) Current model building codes require a minimum STC (and IIC) separation of dwelling units. The 2003 International Building Code requires a minimum separation of 50 STC and 50 IIC for apartments, condominiums and townhouses. Local jurisdictions using the 2003 International Residential Code may require a minimum separation of 45 STC for townhouses.

About the cover: Project Walt Disney Concert Hall Los Angeles, CA Recipient of the 2003 AIA Honor Award Architects Frank Gehry Santa Monica, CA Photographer ©Andy Ryan



Technical Service 800 USG.4YOU

Web Site WWW.USg.com

Samples/Literature 888 874.2450

Samples/Literature E-mail samplit@usg.com

Samples/Literature/Fax 888 874.2348

Customer Service 800 950.3839

Note

All products described here may not be available in all geographic markets. Consult your local sales office or representative for information. **Trademarks**

The following are trademarks of USG Interiors, Inc. or a related company: *CLIMAPLUS*, ECLIPSE, FROST, HALCYON, LEVELROCK, MARS, MICORE, SHEETROCK, SRB, SRM-25, USG. LENCORE and SPECTRA are trademarks of LENCORE ACOUSTICS COP.

Notice

We shall not be liable for incidental and consequential damages, directly or indirectly sustained, nor for any loss caused by application of these goods not in accordance with current printed instructions or for other than the intended use. Our liability is expressly limited to replacement of defective goods. Any claim shall be deemed waived unless made in writing to us within thirty (30) days from date it was or reasonably should have been discovered. By this brochure, LENCORE Acoustics and USG do not represent or warrant that installation or use of their products guarantee compliance with HIPAA or GLBA requirements.

Safety First!

Follow good safety and industrial hygiene practices during handling and installation of all products and systems. Take necessary precautions and wear the appropriate personal protective equipment as needed. Read material safety data sheets and related literature on products before specification and/or installation.

