# CGC

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Identification

Product identifier CGC Red Top® Gauging Plaster - Quick Set

Other means of identification

**SDS number** 53001010003

Synonyms Construction Plaster.

Recommended use Interior use.

**Recommended restrictions**Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name CGC Inc.

Address 735 Fourth Line

Oakville, ON L6L 5B7

A Subsidiary of USG Corporation

**Telephone** (English) 1-800-387-2690 (Francais) 1-800-361-1310

Website www.cgcinc.com
Emergency phone number 1-800-507-8899

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Carcinogenicity Category 1A

Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May cause cancer.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations.

Other hazards None known.

Supplemental information None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixtures** 

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1)	26499-65-0	> 99

Impurities	CAS number	%	
Crystalline silica (quartz)	14808-60-7	< 0.5	

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Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas.

Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. The weight percent of respirable crystalline silica found in this product is < 0.5%. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica during the normal use of this product must be determined by workplace hygiene testing.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Skin contact

Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

Eye contact

Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical

assistance.

Ingestion

Plaster of Paris hardens and if ingested may result in stomach and intestinal blockage. Drinking gelatin solutions or large volumes of water may delay setting.

Most important

**General information** 

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Under normal conditions of intended use, this product is not expected to be a health risk. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Not applicable.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Not a fire hazard.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Specific methods

Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Vacuum up the spilled material. Vacuums used for this purpose should be equipped with HEPA filters. Containers must be labeled. Collect in approved containers and seal securely. For waste

disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize dust production when mixing, or opening and closing bags. Avoid inhalation of dust. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices and use appropriate lifting techniques.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Avoid contact with acids, water, and moisture.

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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Occupational exposure limits

#### **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupatio	•	•	
Components	Туре	Value	
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable particles
Canada. British Columbia OELs. ( Safety Regulation 296/97, as ame Components		Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	STEL	20 mg/m3	Total dust.
·	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 21	7/2006, The Workplace Safety	And Health Act)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control o	of Exposure to Biological or C	hemical Agents)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
	Tuno	Value	Form
Impurities	Туре	Value	1 01111

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labour - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

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#### Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labour - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). **Biological limit values** 

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational

exposure limits and minimise the risk of exposure.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear approved safety goggles. Eye/face protection

Skin protection

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimise skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin Hand protection

contact use suitable protective gloves.

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended. Other

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure air supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator

use.

Thermal hazards None.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment separately from regular wash. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Solid. Powder. **Form** 

Colour White to off-white. Odour Low to no odour. **Odour threshold** Not applicable.

6 - 8 рH

Melting point/freezing point Not applicable. Not applicable. Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not applicable. Explosive limit - upper

(%)

Not applicable.

Vapour pressure Not applicable. Vapour density Not applicable. Relative density 2.4 - 2.8 (H2O=1)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 0.15-0.40 g/100g (H2O)

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Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature 1450 °C (2642 °F)

Viscosity Not applicable.

Other information

Bulk density 720 - 880 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

**VOC** 0 %

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid When mixed with water this product can become very hot. Encasing or making moulds of any body

part can cause serious burns that may require surgical removal of affected tissue and even

part can cause serious burns that may require surgical removal of affected tissue and even

amputation of encased body part.

Incompatible materials Acids. Exposure to water and acids must be supervised because the reactions are vigorous and

produce large amounts of heat. Crystalline silica in contact with powerful oxidizing agents, such as fluorine, chlorine trifluoride and oxygen difluoride, may cause fires. Crystalline silica will dissolve in

hydrofluoric acid and produce a corrosive gas, silicon tetrafluoride.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Calcium oxides. Sulphur oxides. Silicon oxides.

#### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne

respirable crystalline silica can cause silicosis and/or lung cancer.

**Skin contact** Under normal conditions of intended use, this product does not pose a skin hazard.

**Eye contact** Direct contact with airborne particulates may cause temporary irritation.

**Ingestion** May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Dust may irritate eyes and mucous membranes of the nose, throat and upper respiratory system

causing sneezing and/or coughing.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be a hazard under normal conditions of intended use.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Not a respiratory sensitiser.

**Skin sensitisation** Not a skin sensitiser. Plaster of Paris has displayed little sensitization potential.

Germ cell mutagenicity Data does not suggest that this product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Repeated and prolonged exposure to high levels of respirable crystalline silica may cause cancer.

#### **ACGIH Carcinogens**

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

Canada - Alberta OELs: Carcinogen category

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Carcinogen category

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Suspected carcinogenic effect in humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

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## US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

No data available, but none expected.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May damage lung tissue through repeated and prolonged exposure to high levels of respirable

crystalline silica particles.

**Aspiration hazard** Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged and routine inhalation of high levels of respirable crystalline silica particles can lead to

the lung disease known as silicosis. Some studies show excess numbers of cases of

scleroderma, connective tissue disorders, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, chronic kidney diseases and end-stage kidney disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be

monitored and controlled.

# 12. Ecological information

The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not **Ecotoxicity** 

exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the

environment.

Persistence and degradability

Calcium sulfate dissolves in water forming calcium and sulfate ions.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil No data available. Other adverse effects None expected.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. Recycle responsibly. **Disposal instructions** 

Local disposal regulations Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Contaminated packaging

#### 14. Transport information

**TDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IATA** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not applicable.

the IBC Code

#### 15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the HPR.

**Controlled Drugs and Substances Act** 

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

**Greenhouse Gases** 

Not listed.

**Precursor Control Regulations** 

Not regulated.

International regulations

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#### **Stockholm Convention**

Not applicable.

#### **Rotterdam Convention**

Not applicable.

**Kyoto protocol** 

Not applicable.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not applicable.

**Basel Convention** 

Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)

#### 16. Other information

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**Further information** Crystalline silica: Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity.

Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product. However, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis)

and/or lung cancer.

Plaster of Paris: Is classified as a hazardous substance but is generally considered a safe material for routine use. When plaster of Paris is used responsibly it is not considered as a dangerous material. However, when mixed with water this product can become very hot. DO NOT attempt to make a cast enclosing any part of the body. Encasing any body part can cause serious burns and

even amputation of the encased body part.

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

NFPA ratings

Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.

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