



1. Identification

Product identifier	CGC Sheetrock® Brand Glass-Mat Liner Panels	
Other means of identification		
SDS number	54001004001	
Synonyms	Gypsum Panels, Drywall, Plasterboard, Wallboard	
Recommended use	Interior use.	
Recommended restrictions	Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Company name	CGC Inc.	
Address	735 Fourth Line	
	Oakville, ON L6L 5B7	
	A Subsidiary of USG Corporation	
Telephone	(English) 1-800-387-2690 (Francais) 1-800-361-1310	
Website	www.cgcinc.com	
Emergency phone number	1-800-507-8899	
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards	Not classified.	

Physical hazards	Not classified.
Health hazards	Not classified.
Environmental hazards	Not classified.
Label elements	
Hazard symbol	None.
Signal word	None.
Hazard statement	None.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Response	Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell.
Storage	Store as indicated in Section 7.
Disposal	Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations.
Other hazards	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

The components are not hazardous or are below required disclosure limits.

Composition comments 4. First-aid measures	The gypsum used to manufacture these panels contains respirable crystalline silica ranging up to 0.73 percent by weight, depending on source, as indicated by bulk sampling methods. Industrial hygiene laboratory testing using both personal and area sampling measured no detectable respirable crystalline silica when cutting the product by "score and snap," rotary saw, or circular saw. Good work practices which minimize the extent of dust generation should be followed, and actual employee exposure must be determined by workplace industrial hygiene testing.
Inhalation	Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
Skin contact	Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Eye contact	Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. Not applicable.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Not a fire hazard.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
Specific methods	Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Use work methods which minimise dust production. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When moving board with a forklift or similar equipment, it is essential that the equipment be rated capable of handling here loads. The forks should always be

good industrial hygiene practices. When moving board with a forklift or similar equipment, it is essential that the equipment be rated capable of handling the loads. The forks should always be long enough to extend completely through the width of the load. Fork spacing between supports should be one half the length of the panels or base being handled so that a maximum of 4' extends beyond the supports on either end.

Follow traditional building practices; such as management of water away from the interior of the structure to avoid the growth of mold, mildew and fungus. Remove any building products suspected of being exposed to sustained moisture and considered conducive to mold growth from the job site. Gypsum panels are very heavy, awkward loads posing the risk of severe back injury. Use proper lifting techniques.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Protect product from physical damage. Protect from weather and prevent exposure to sustained moisture. Gypsum Association literature (GA-801-07) recommends storing board flat to avoid damaging edges, warping the board and the potential safety hazards of the board falling over. However, in other situations, storing the board flat may cause a tripping hazard or exceed floor limit loads. If stacking board vertically, leave at least 4 inches from the wall to decrease the risk of falling board and no more than 6 inches to avoid too much lateral weight against the wall.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits	No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimise the risk of exposure.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	

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Eye/face protection Wear approved safety goggles.
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Skin protection Hand protection	It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimise skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.
Other	Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure air supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.
Thermal hazards	None.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Fiberglass face with gypsum core.
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Panel.
Colour	Gray to off-white.
Odour	Low to no odour.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
рН	6 - 8
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - lower (%) temperature	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%) temperature	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%) temperature	Not applicable.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - upper (%) temperature	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Relative density	2.32 (Gypsum) (H2O=1)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	0.26 g/100 g (H2O)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature	1450 °C (2642 °F)
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Other information	
Bulk density	770 kg/m3 (48 lb/ft3)
Explosive limit	Not applicable.
Flammability	Not applicable.
Flammability class	Not applicable.
Particle size	Varies.
VOC (Weight %)	0 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	Calcium oxides, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalatio	on	Mechanical processing may generate dust. Gypsum dust has an irritant action on mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract and eyes (1).
Skin cor	ntact	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a skin hazard. Gypsum was not found to be a skin irritant (2).
Eye con	tact	Mechanical processing may generate dust. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation (1).
Ingestio	n	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Symptoms ro physical, cho toxicologica		Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health.
Information	on toxicological effe	ects
Acute toxicit	y	Low hazard.
Skin corrosi	on/irritation	Gypsum was not found to be a skin irritant (2).
Serious eye irritation	damage/eye	Gypsum does not cause serious eye damage or irritation.
Respiratory	or skin sensitisatior	1
Respirat	ory sensitisation	No data available, but based on results from the skin sensitization study, calcium sulfate is not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin ser	sitisation	Not a skin sensitizer (2).
Germ cell m	utagenicity	No evidence of mutagenic potential exists (3,4,5).
Carcinogeni	city	No evidence of carcinogenic potential exists (6).
Reproductiv	e toxicity	No evidence of reproductive toxicity exists (2).
Specific targ single expos	et organ toxicity - sure	Not toxic to lung tissue.
Specific targ repeated exp	et organ toxicity - oosure	Not toxic to lung tissue (6).
Aspiration h	azard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.
Further infor	mation	Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for the salt of inorganic compounds. Calcium sulfate dissolves in water without undergoing chemical degradation.
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Mobility in soil	Calcium sulfate has a low potential for adsorption to soil. If water is applied, gypsum dissolves and the calcium and sulfate ions are mobile and penetrate the subsoil (7).
Other adverse effects	None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous waste code	Not regulated.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. This product is a solid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by IMSBC code. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3) Not listed.

NOT listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention Not applicable. Rotterdam Convention Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol Not applicable. Basel Convention Not applicable.

16. Other information

Issue date25-March-2016Revision date03-April-2017

Version No.	02
Further information	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in June, 1987, categorized continuous filament glass fibers as not classifiable with respect to human carcinogenicity (Group 3). The evidence from human as well as animal studies was evaluated by IARC as insufficient to classify continuous filament glass fiber as a possible, probable, or confirmed cancer causing material. The ACGIH has established a TLV (Threshold Limit Value or recommended exposure limit) for continuous filament glass fiber of 1 fiber per cubic centimeter of air for respirable fibers and 5 mg per cubic meter of air for inhalable glass fiber dust. These levels were established to prevent mechanical irritation of the upper airways. IARC, NTP (US National Toxicology Program) and OSHA (US Occupational Safety and Health Administration) do not list continuous filament glass fibers as a carcinogen. As manufactured, continuous filament glass fibers in this product are not respirable. Continuous filament glass products that are chopped, crushed or severely mechanically processed during manufacturing or use may contain a very small amount of respirable particulate, some of which may be glass shards.
	Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe
NFPA ratings	Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0
NFPA ratings	
List of abbreviations	NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.
References	 US National Library of Medicine (NLM) (1998). Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB). Tested by LG Life Science/Toxicology Center, Korea (2002). National Institute of Environmental Research (NIER). Dopp E et al. (1995). Environ. Health Perspect. 103(3), 268-271. Cremer H.H. et al. (1988). Wiss. Umwelt. 4, 202-205. Fujita H et al. (1988). Kenkya Nenpo-Tokyo-Toritsu Eisei Kenkynsho. 39, 343-350. Clouter et al. (1989). Inhal. Toxicol. 10, 3-14. Shainberg et al. (1989). Advanced Soil Sci. 9, 1-111.
Disclaimer	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.