# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** CGC Sheetrock® Brand Panels Firecode® X

Other means of identification

SDS number 54001002001

**Synonyms** Gypsum Panels, Drywall, Plasterboard, Wallboard

Recommended use Interior use.

**Recommended restrictions** Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name CGC Inc.

Address 735 Fourth Line

Oakville, ON L6L 5B7

A Subsidiary of USG Corporation

(English) 1-800-387-2690 (Francais) 1-800-361-1310 **Telephone** 

Website www.cgcinc.com 1-800-507-8899 **Emergency phone number** 

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified. **Health hazards** Not classified. **Environmental hazards** Not classified.

Label elements

None. Hazard symbol Signal word None. Hazard statement None.

**Precautionary statements** 

Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Prevention Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell. Response

Store as indicated in Section 7. Storage

Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. Disposal

Other hazards None known.

Supplemental information None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

| Chemical name | CAS number | %   |
|---------------|------------|-----|
| Kaolin        | 1332-58-7  | < 5 |

The gypsum used to manufacture these panels contains respirable crystalline silica ranging up to Composition comments 2.4 percent by weight, depending on source, as indicated by bulk sampling methods. Industrial

hygiene laboratory testing using both personal and area sampling measured no detectable respirable crystalline silica when cutting the product by "score and snap," rotary saw, or circular saw. Good work practices which minimize the extent of dust generation should be followed, and actual employee exposure must be determined by workplace industrial hygiene testing.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move

injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if

symptoms persist.

Skin contact Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

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Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical Eye contact

assistance.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may

irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

**General information** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Not applicable.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Not a fire hazard.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up **Environmental precautions** 

No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use work methods which minimise dust production. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When moving board with a forklift or similar equipment, it is essential that the equipment be rated capable of handling the loads. The forks should always be long enough to extend completely through the width of the load. Fork spacing between supports should be one half the length of the panels or base being handled so that a maximum of 4' extends beyond the supports on either end.

Follow traditional building practices; such as management of water away from the interior of the structure to avoid the growth of mold, mildew and fungus. Remove any building products suspected of being exposed to sustained moisture and considered conducive to mold growth from the job site. Gypsum panels are very heavy, awkward loads posing the risk of severe back injury. Use proper lifting techniques.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Protect product from physical damage. Protect from weather and prevent exposure to sustained moisture. Gypsum Association literature (GA-801-07) recommends storing board flat to avoid damaging edges, warping the board and the potential safety hazards of the board falling over. However, in other situations, storing the board flat may cause a tripping hazard or exceed floor limit loads. If stacking board vertically, leave at least 4 inches from the wall to decrease the risk of falling board and no more than 6 inches to avoid too much lateral weight against the wall.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values** 

| Components             | Туре | Value   | Form                 |
|------------------------|------|---------|----------------------|
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA  | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |

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## Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

| Components             | Туре | Value   | Form        |
|------------------------|------|---------|-------------|
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA  | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable. |

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

| Components             | Туре | Value   | Form        |
|------------------------|------|---------|-------------|
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA  | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable. |

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

| Components             | Туре | Value   | Form                 |  |
|------------------------|------|---------|----------------------|--|
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA  | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |  |

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

| Components             | Туре | Value   | Form                 |
|------------------------|------|---------|----------------------|
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA  | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labour - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

| Components             | Туре | Value   | Form             |  |
|------------------------|------|---------|------------------|--|
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA  | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |  |

**Biological limit values** No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational

exposure limits and minimise the risk of exposure.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety goggles.

Skin protection

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimise skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin Hand protection

contact use suitable protective gloves.

Other Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure air supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator

use. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

Thermal hazards None.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material General hygiene considerations

and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Paper faced with gypsum core. **Appearance** 

Solid. Physical state **Form** Panel.

Gray to off-white. Colour Odour Low to no odour. Odour threshold Not applicable.

6 - 8

Melting point/freezing point Not applicable. Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not applicable.

Flash point Not applicable. Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

CGC Sheetrock® Brand Panels Firecode® X 933049 Version #: 02 Revision date: 03-April-2017 Issue date: 29-March-2016 Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - lower

(%) temperature

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not applicable. Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%)

temperature

(%) temperature

Explosive limit - upper

(%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

temperature

Not applicable.

Not applicable. Vapour pressure Vapour density Not applicable.

Relative density 2.32 (Gypsum) (H2O=1)

Solubility(ies)

0.26 g/100 g (H2O) Solubility (water)

Partition coefficient

Not applicable.

(n-octanol/water)

Not applicable. **Auto-ignition temperature** 1450 °C (2642 °F) **Decomposition temperature** Not applicable. **Viscosity** 

Other information

**Bulk density** 670 kg/m3 (42 lb/ft3) **Explosive limit** Not applicable. Not applicable. **Flammability** Not applicable. Flammability class

Particle size Varies. VOC (Weight %) 0 %

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Calcium oxides, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Mechanical processing may generate dust. Gypsum dust has an irritant action on mucous

membranes of the upper respiratory tract and eyes (1).

Skin contact Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a skin hazard. Gypsum was

not found to be a skin irritant (2).

Eye contact Mechanical processing may generate dust. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary

irritation (1).

Ingestion Not likely, due to the form of the product.

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Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Low hazard.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Gypsum was not found to be a skin irritant (2).

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Gypsum does not cause serious eye damage or irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** No data available, but based on results from the skin sensitization study, calcium sulfate is not

expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitisation** Not a skin sensitizer (2).

Germ cell mutagenicity

No evidence of mutagenic potential exists (3,4,5).

Carcinogenicity

No evidence of carcinogenic potential exists (6).

**ACGIH Carcinogens** 

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

KAOLIN, RESPIRABLE FRACTION (CAS 1332-58-7) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

**Reproductive toxicity** No evidence of reproductive toxicity exists (2).

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not toxic to lung tissue.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not toxic to lung tissue (6).

**Aspiration hazard** Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Further information Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease

might be aggravated by exposure.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not

exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the

environment

Persistence and degradability Not applicable for the salt of inorganic compounds. Calcium sulfate dissolves in water without

undergoing chemical degradation.

**Bioaccumulative potential** Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil Calcium sulfate has a low potential for adsorption to soil. If water is applied, gypsum dissolves and

the calcium and sulfate ions are mobile and penetrate the subsoil (7).

Other adverse effects None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated packaging** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

**TDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IATA** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**Transport in bulk according to** Not applicable. This product is a solid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by IMSBC code.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

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# 15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

#### **Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

**Greenhouse Gases** 

Not listed.

**Precursor Control Regulations** 

Not regulated.

#### International regulations

## **Stockholm Convention**

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention Not applicable. Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol Not applicable. Basel Convention Not applicable.

## 16. Other information

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Further information Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

NFPA ratings Health: 1

Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



## List of abbreviations

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.

References

- 1. US National Library of Medicine (NLM) (1998). Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB).
- 2. Tested by LG Life Science/Toxicology Center, Korea (2002). National Institute of Environmental Research (NIER).
- 3. Dopp E et al. (1995). Environ. Health Perspect. 103(3), 268-271.
- 4. Cremer H.H. et al. (1988). Wiss. Umwelt. 4, 202-205.
- 5. Fujita H et al. (1988). Kenkya Nenpo-Tokyo-Toritsu Eisei Kenkynsho. 39, 343-350.
- 6. Clouter et al. (1998). Inhal. Toxicol. 10, 3-14.
- 7. Shainberg et al. (1989). Advanced Soil Sci. 9, 1-111.

Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard

workers and the environment.

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