# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# 1. Identification

Product identifier	SECUROCK® Brand Gypsum-Fiber Roof Board	
Other means of identification		
SDS number	5400004007	
Synonyms	Gypsum Panels, Drywall, Plasterboard, Wallboard	
Recommended use	Exterior use.	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Manufacturer	United States Gypsum Company	
Address	550 West Adams Street	
	Chicago, Illinois 60661-3637	
Telephone	1-800-874-4968	
Website	www.usg.com	
Emergency phone number	1-800-507-8899	
Supplier	CGC Inc.	
Address	735 Fourth Line	
Addroso	Oakville, ON L6L 5B7	
	A Subsidiary of USG Corporation	
Telephone	1-800-387-2690 (English)	
	1-800-361-1310 (Français)	
Website	www.cgcinc.com	
Emergency phone number	1-800-507-8899	
2. Hazard identification		
Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		
Hazard symbol	None.	
Signal word	None.	
Hazard statement	None.	
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.	
Response	Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell.	
Storage	Store as indicated in Section 7.	
Disposal	Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.	
Supplemental information	None.	
Other hazards	None known.	
3 Composition/informatio	n on ingradiants	

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4)		13397-24-5	80 - 100
Cellulose		9004-34-6	5 - 10

Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas.	
	The amount of respirable crystalline silica is less than 0.1%. The gypsum used to manufacture these panels contains respirable crystalline silica varying by source and over time, as determined by testing the gypsum bulk samples. Good work practices which minimize the extent of total dust generation should be followed, and actual employee exposure on a given jobsite must be determined by workplace industrial hygiene testing.	
4. First-aid measures		
Inhalation	Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.	
Skin contact	Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.	
Eye contact	Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.	
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.	
5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Not applicable.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Not a fire hazard.	
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.	
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.	
Specific methods	Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.	
6. Accidental release measures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.	
7 Llevelling and stansus		

## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use work methods which minimise dust production. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When moving board with a forklift or similar equipment, it is essential that the equipment be rated capable of handling the loads. The forks should always be long enough to extend completely through the width of the load. Fork spacing between supports should be one half the length of the panels or base being handled so that a maximum of 4' extends beyond the supports on either end.

Follow traditional building practices; such as management of water away from the interior of the structure to avoid the growth of mold, mildew and fungus. Remove any building products suspected of being exposed to sustained moisture and considered conducive to mold growth from the job site. Gypsum panels are very heavy, awkward loads posing the risk of severe back injury. Use proper lifting techniques.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Protect product from physical damage. Protect from weather and prevent exposure to sustained moisture. Gypsum Association literature (GA-801-07) recommends storing board flat to avoid damaging edges, warping the board and the potential safety hazards of the board falling over. However, in other situations, storing the board flat may cause a tripping hazard or exceed floor limit loads. If stacking board vertically, leave at least 4 inches from the wall to decrease the risk of falling board and no more than 6 inches to avoid too much lateral weight against the wall.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Hea	Ith & Safety Code, So	hedule 1, Table 2), as amended	
Components	Туре	Value	
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupa	tional Exposure Limi	ts for Chemical Substances, Occ	upational Health and
Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Components	Туре	Value	Form
	-		-
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	STEL	20 mg/m3	Total dust.
	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, ⊺	The Workplace Safety	And Health Act), as amended	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Canada. New Brunswick OELs: Threshold Publication (New Brunswick Regulation 9		Based on the 1991 and 1997 AC	GIH TLVs and BEIs
Components	Туре	Value	
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Expos Components	ure to Biological or C Type	Chemical Agents), as amended Value	Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
13397-24-5)			

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Min Components	nistry of Labor - Regulation respecti Type	ng occupational health and sa Value	afety) Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Canada. Saskatchewan OE Components	Ls (Occupational Health and Safety Type	Regulations, 1996, Table 21), Value	as amended Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	15 minute	20 mg/m3	
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	15 minute	20 mg/m3	Fiber.
iological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted t	for the ingredient(s).	
ppropriate engineering ontrols	Provide sufficient ventilation for oper exposure limits and minimise the ris		Observe occupational
ndividual protection measures	, such as personal protective equipr	nent	
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	It is a good industrial hygiene praction contact use suitable protective glove		prolonged or repeated skin
Other	Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.		
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure air supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.		
Thermal hazards	None.		
eneral hygiene onsiderations	Always observe good personal hygic and before eating, drinking, and/or s equipment to remove contaminants.	moking. Routinely wash work c	othing and protective
. Physical and chemical	properties		
ppearance	Paper faced with gypsum core.		
Physical state	Solid.		

Physical state	Solid.
Form	Panel.
Colour	Grey to off-white.
Odour	Low to no odour.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
рН	9 - 10
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Explosive limit - lower ( %)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.

Relative density	2.32 (Gypsum) (H2O=1)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	0.26 g/100 g (H2O)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	1450 °C (2642 °F)
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Other information	
Bulk density	50 - 65 lb/ft <sup>3</sup>
Particle size	Varies.
VOC	0 %
10. Stability and reactivity	,
Reactivity	The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

reactions	
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	Calcium oxides, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide.

## 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Mechanical processing may generate dust. Gypsum dust has an irritant action on mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract and eyes (1).
Skin contact	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a skin hazard. Gypsum was not found to be a skin irritant (2).
Eye contact	Mechanical processing may generate dust. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation (1).
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not expected to be acutely toxic.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Gypsum was not found to be a skin irritant.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Gypsum does not cause serious eye damage or irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

Calcium sulfate dihydrate (CAS 13397-24-5) Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-	e (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) Irritant 6) Irritant	
Respiratory sensitisation	No data available, but based on results from the skin sensitization study, calcium sulfate is not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitisation	Not a skin sensitizer (2).	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No evidence of mutagenic potential exists (3,4,5).	
Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenic potential exists (6).	
Reproductive toxicity	No evidence of reproductive toxicity exists (2).	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not toxic to lung tissue.	

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not toxic to lung tissue (6).
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.
Further information	Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure.

## 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results	
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)				
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pim	ephales promelas) >1970 mg/l, 96 hours	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for the salt of inorganic compounds. Calcium sulfate dissolves in water without undergoing chemical degradation.			
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is not expected.			
lobility in soil	Calcium sulfate has a low potential for adsorption to soil. If water is applied, gypsum dissolves and the calcium and sulfate ions are mobile and penetrate the subsoil (7).			
Other adverse effects	None expected.			

## 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous waste code	Not regulated.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

## 14. Transport information

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to<br/>Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 andNot applicable. This product is a solid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by IMSBC code.

the IBC Code

## 15. Regulatory information

### **Canadian regulations**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act Not regulated. Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3) Not listed. Greenhouse Gases Not listed. Precursor Control Regulations Not regulated. International regulations Stockholm Convention Not applicable. Rotterdam Convention Not applicable.

# Kyoto Protocol Not applicable. Montreal Protocol Not applicable. Basel Convention Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name On in	nventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information

Issue date	23-January-2024
Revision date	-
Version No.	01
Further information	NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe
List of abbreviations	NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.
References	<ol> <li>US National Library of Medicine (NLM) (1998). Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB).</li> <li>Tested by LG Life Science/Toxicology Center, Korea (2002). National Institute of Environmental Research (NIER).</li> <li>Dopp E et al. (1995). Environ. Health Perspect. 103(3), 268-271.</li> <li>Cremer H.H. et al. (1988). Wiss. Umwelt. 4, 202-205.</li> <li>Fujita H et al. (1988). Kenkya Nenpo-Tokyo-Toritsu Eisei Kenkynsho. 39, 343-350.</li> <li>Clouter et al. (1998). Inhal. Toxicol. 10, 3-14.</li> <li>Shainberg et al. (1989). Advanced Soil Sci. 9, 1-111.</li> </ol>
Disclaimer	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.