1. Identification

Product identifier USG® DUROCK™ Brand Floor Patch NE™

Other means of identification
- SDS number: 14000000010
- Synonyms: Floor Patch
- Recommended use: Interior use.
- Recommended restrictions: Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information
- Company name: United States Gypsum Company
- Address: 550 West Adams Street, Chicago, Illinois 60661-3637
- Telephone: 1-800-874-4968
- Website: www.usg.com
- Emergency phone number: 1-800-507-8899

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards: Not classified.

Health hazards:
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 2
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1
- Sensitization, skin: Category 1
- Carcinogenicity: Category 1A

OSHA defined hazards: Not classified.

Label elements

- Signal word: Danger
- Hazard statement: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer.
- Precautionary statement
  - Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
  - Response: If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water/. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- Storage: Store locked up.
- Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known.

Supplemental information: Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures
### Chemical names and CAS numbers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (sand)</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>&lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limestone</td>
<td>1317-65-3</td>
<td>&lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium sulfate dihydrate</td>
<td>13397-24-5</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(alternative CAS 10101-41-4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate</td>
<td>10034-76-1</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portland Cement</td>
<td>65997-15-1</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perlite</td>
<td>93763-70-3</td>
<td>&lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Composition comments
All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Inhalation
Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

#### Skin contact
Contact with wet or dry product: Wash area with cold running water immediately. Open sores or cuts should be thoroughly flushed and covered with suitable dressings.

#### Eye contact
Dust in eyes: Flush with cold tap water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention immediately.

#### Ingestion
Calcium sulfate hemihydrate hardens and if ingested may result in stomach and intestinal blockage. Drinking gelatin solutions or large volumes of water may delay setting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. May cause serious chemical burns to the skin. May cause chemical eye burns. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

### General information
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media
Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media
Not applicable.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Not a fire hazard.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

#### Fire-fighting equipment/instructions
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Vacuum up the spilled material. Vacuums used for this purpose should be equipped with HEPA filters. Containers must be labeled. Collect in approved containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

#### Environmental precautions
Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.
7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**
Do not get in eyes and avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Avoid inhalation of dust. Minimize dust production when mixing, or opening and closing bags. Use with adequate dust control and local ventilation. Wear appropriate NIOSH respirator when ventilation is inadequate and occupational exposure limits are exceeded. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use a non-alkaline soap such as Neutralite Safety Solution or Mason's Hand Rinse.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Avoid contact with acids, water, and moisture.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Occupational exposure limits**

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>15 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate (CAS 10034-76-1)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>15 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 mppcf</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (sand) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.3 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.4 mppcf</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>Inhalable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate (CAS 10034-76-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>Inhalable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (sand) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate (CAS 10034-76-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (sand) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposure.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

- **Eye/face protection**
  - Wear approved safety glasses with side shields. Where dust levels are higher or splashing is possible, wear safety goggles or a face shield. Wearing contact lenses is not recommended.

- **Skin protection**
  - Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

- **Hand protection**
  - Wear long-sleeved shirts, pants and rubber boots.

- **Respiratory protection**
  - If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use.

### Thermal hazards

None.

### General hygiene considerations

- During work avoid kneeling in fresh mortar or concrete wherever possible. If kneeling is absolutely necessary, then appropriate waterproof personal protective equipment must be worn. Do not eat, drink or smoke when working with cement to avoid contact with skin or mouth. Immediately after working with cement or cement-containing materials, workers should wash or shower. Remove contaminated clothing, footwear, watches, etc, and clean thoroughly before re-use.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- **Physical state**: Solid.
- **Form**: Powder.
- **Color**: Gray to off-white.
- **Odor**: Low to no odor.
- **Odor threshold**: Not applicable.
- **pH**: 11 - 12
- **Melting point/freezing point**: Not applicable.
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: Not applicable.
- **Flash point**: Not applicable.
- **Evaporation rate**: Not applicable.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable.

#### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

- **Flammability limit - lower (%)**: Not applicable.
- **Flammability limit - lower temperature**: Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)
Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper temperature
Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)
Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower temperature
Not applicable.
Explosive limit - upper (%)
Not applicable.
Explosive limit - upper temperature
Not applicable.
Vapor pressure
Not applicable.
Vapor density
Not applicable.
Relative density
1.9 - 3.2 (H2O = 1)
Solubility(ies)
Solubility (water) Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)
Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature
Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature
Not applicable.
Viscosity
Not applicable.
Other information
Bulk density 100 lb/ft³
VOC (Weight %) 0 g/l

10. Stability and reactivity
Reactivity
Not available.
Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Exposure to moisture. When mixed with water this product can become very hot. Encasing or making moulds of any body part can cause serious burns that may require surgical removal of affected tissue and even amputation of encased body part.
Incompatible materials Acids. Exposure to water and acids must be supervised because the reactions are vigorous and produce large amounts of heat. Crystalline silica in contact with powerful oxidizing agents, such as fluorine, chlorine trifluoride and oxygen difluoride, may cause fires. Crystalline silica will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid and produce a corrosive gas, silicon tetrafluoride.
Hazardous decomposition products Calcium oxides. Sulfur oxides.

11. Toxicological information
Information on likely routes of exposure
Ingestion Ingestion may cause irritation and stomach discomfort.
Inhalation Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne respirable crystalline silica can cause silicosis and/or lung cancer.
Skin contact Exposure to dry product may cause drying of the skin and mild irritation, or more significant effects from the aggravation of other conditions. Wet product is caustic (pH ≥ 12) and dermal exposure may cause more severe skin effects, including thickening, cracking or fissuring of the skin. Prolonged exposure can cause severe skin damage in the form of chemical (caustic) burns. Some individuals who are exposed to wet or dry product may exhibit an allergic response, which can result in symptoms ranging from mild rashes to severe skin ulcers.
Eye contact Exposure to airborne dust may cause immediate or delayed irritation of the eyes. Depending on the level of exposure, effects may range from redness to chemical burns and blindness.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. May cause serious chemical burns to the skin. May cause chemical eye burns. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.
Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity
Not expected to be a hazard under normal conditions of intended use.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Respiratory sensitization
Not classified but possible due to skin sensitization effect.

Skin sensitization
Trace amounts of Cr(VI) compounds from Portland Cement may cause allergic skin reaction even after one exposure.

Germ cell mutagenicity
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity
Repeated and prolonged exposures to high levels of respirable crystalline silica may cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity
Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
No data available, but none expected.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Not classified. For detailed information, see section 16.

Aspiration hazard
Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects
Prolonged and routine inhalation of high levels of respirable crystalline silica particles can lead to the lung disease known as silicosis. Some studies show excess numbers of cases of scleroderma, connective tissue disorders, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, chronic kidney diseases and end-stage kidney disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. May cause eczema-like skin disorders (dermatitis).

12. Ecological information
Ecotoxicity
The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. Large amounts of the product may affect the pH-factor in water with possible risk of harmful effects to aquatic organisms.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)</td>
<td>Aquatic Fish LC50</td>
<td>Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) &gt; 1970 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate (CAS 10034-76-1)</td>
<td>Aquatic Fish LC50</td>
<td>Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) &gt; 1970 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability
No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential
Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Other adverse effects
None expected.

13. Disposal considerations
Disposal instructions
Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information
DOT
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA
Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IMDG
Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)
Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)
Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate (CAS 10034-76-1)
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)
Quartz (sand) (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)
Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)
Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate (CAS 10034-76-1)
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)
Quartz (sand) (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)
Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)
Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate (CAS 10034-76-1)
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)
Quartz (sand) (CAS 14808-60-7)
US. Rhode Island RTK
Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance
Quartz (sand) (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 19-May-2014
Revision date 29-November-2018
Version # 02

Further information
Crystalline silica: Raw materials in this product may contain respirable crystalline silica. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product. However, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung cancer.

Calcium sulfate hemihydrate: Is classified as a hazardous substance but is generally considered a safe material for routine use. When calcium sulfate hemihydrate is used responsibly it is not considered as a dangerous material. However, when mixed with water this product can become very hot. DO NOT attempt to make a cast enclosing any part of the body. Encasing any body part can cause serious burns and even amputation of the encased body part.

OSHA's "Preventing Skin Problems from Working with Portland Cement" provides excellent guidance and can be downloaded at: https://www.osha.gov/dsg/guidance/cement-guidance.html

NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal  1 = Slight  2 = Moderate  3 = Serious  4 = Severe

NFPA Ratings

Disclaimer
This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.