

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	MICORE® SB Mineral Fiber Board	
Other means of identification		
SDS number	41263520001	
Synonyms	Mineral Fiber Panel, Micore Panel	
Recommended use	Interior use.	
Recommended restrictions	Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Company name	United States Gypsum Company	
Address	550 West Adams Street	
	Chicago, Illinois 60661-3637	
Telephone	1-800-874-4968	
Website	www.usg.com	
Emergency phone number	1-800-507-8899	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Carcinogenicity (inhalation) Category 1A	
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (inhalation)	Category 2 (Lung)

OSHA defined hazards

Label elements



Not classified.

Danger
May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause damage to organs (Lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
None known.
None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Slag wool fiber	N/A	> 45	
Perlite	93763-70-3	< 20	
Kaolin	1332-58-7	< 20	

Starch	9005-25-8	< 10	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	< 10	
mpurities Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Crystalline silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	< 3	
Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight.		
	Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica as an imp percent of respirable crystalline silica found in this product is <3%. Exposu crystalline silica during the normal use of this product must be determined testing.	res to respirable	
	Raw materials and/or coatings in this product contain small amounts of tita been classified as possibly carcinogenic to humans by the International Ag Cancer (IARC). However, per IARC "no significant exposure to primary part is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is b such as in paints" (1). See Section 16 for further information.	ency for Research o	
4. First-aid measures			
nhalation	Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulti injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get symptoms persist.		
Skin contact	Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if persists.	irritation develops or	
Eye contact	Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.		
ngestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.		
Nost important symptoms/effects, acute and lelayed	Under normal conditions of intended use, this product is not expected to be a health risk. Dust ma irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.		
ndication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.		
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.		
5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.		
Jnsuitable extinguishing nedia	Not applicable.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Not a fire hazard.		
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.		
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other inv	olved materials.	
Specific methods	Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.		
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.		
6. Accidental release mea	sures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.		
Aethods and materials for containment and cleaning up	No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see Section 13	of the SDS.	

Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.

Environmental precautions

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use work methods which minimize dust production. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

U.S OSHA Components	Туре	Value	Form
Slag wool fiber	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fiber, respirable (diameter ≤ 3.5 µm and length ≥ 10 µm)
		15 mg/m3	Fiber, total
	Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)		
Impurities	Туре	Value	
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air		Value	Form
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.	-		_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	Form
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Slag wool fiber	TWA	1 fibers/cm3	Fiber, respirable (length 5 μ m and aspect ratio \geq 3:1)
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Components	Туре	Value	Form
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Slag wool fiber	TWA	3 fibers/cm3	Fibrous dust.
		3 fibers/cm3	Fiber, respirable (diameter ≤ 3.5 µm and Iength ≥ 10 µm)
		5 mg/m3	Fiber, total
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
logical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for t	he ingredient(s).	
propriate engineering htrols	Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposure. Cut and trim with a utility knife or hand saw minimize dust levels. If a router is used it must have a dust collection system. Operations such power cutting, power kerfing or using compressed air to remove dust are not recommended (2 See Section 16 for further information.		
ividual protection measures	, such as personal protective equipmen	t	
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.		
Skin protection			
Other	Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.		
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respiration if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.		
	NL		
Thermal hazards	None.		

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Panel.
Color	Gray/brown.
Odor	Low to no odor.
Odor threshold	Not applicable.
рН	9
Melting point/freezing point	2200 °F (1204.44 °C) (Slag wool)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	Not applicable.
Vapor density	Not applicable.
Relative density	0.34 (H2O=1)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Very low solubility in water.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Other information	
Bulk density	21 lb/ft ³
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
VOC	Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne respirable crystalline silica can cause silicosis and/or lung cancer.	
Skin contact	May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.	
Eye contact	Direct contact with airborne particulates may cause temporary irritation.	
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation and stomach discomfort.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.	
Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity	Not expected to be a hazard under normal conditions of intended use.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	No data available, but none expected.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available, but none expected.	

Carcinogenicity	Repeated and prolonged exposures to high levels of respirable crystalline silica may cause cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall E	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Crystalline silica (Quartz) NTP Report on Carcinogens	. ,	1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Crystalline silica (Quartz) OSHA Specifically Regulate	(CAS 14808-60-7) d Substances (29 CFR 1910.10	Known To Be Human Carcinogen. 001-1053)
Crystalline silica (Quartz)	(CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer
Reproductive toxicity	No data available.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No data available, but none expected.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May damage lung tissue through repeated and prolonged exposure to high levels of respirable crystalline silica particles.	
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged and routine inhalation of high levels of respirable crystalline silica particles can lead to the lung disease known as silicosis. Some studies show excess numbers of cases of scleroderma, connective tissue disorders, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, chronic kidney diseases and end-stage kidney disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.	
12. Ecological information		

Ecotoxicity	The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent releases can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. This product is a solid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by IMSBC code. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency r	elease notification	
Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regu	lated Substances (29 (CFR 1910.1001-1053)
	artz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Cancer lung effects immune system effects kidney effects
Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)		All components on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active" or are exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule.
Superfund Amendments and Re SARA 302 Extremely hazard Not listed.		986 (SARA)
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes	
Classified hazard categories	Carcinogenicity Specific target organ to	oxicity (single or repeated exposure)
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.		
Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112 Hazardous Air Po	llutants (HAPs) List
	112(r) Accidental Rele	ease Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.		
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	
US state regulations		
US. Massachusetts RTK - Su Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-(Crystalline silica (Quartz) Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3) Starch (CAS 9005-25-8) US. New Jersey Worker and	6) (CAS 14808-60-7)	Snow Act
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-0 Crystalline silica (Quartz) Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)	6) (CAS 14808-60-7)	
US. Pennsylvania Worker ar		-Know Law
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34- Crystalline silica (Quartz) Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3) Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	(CAS 14808-60-7)	
US. Rhode Island RTK Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-(Crystalline silica (Quartz) Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) Slag wool fiber (CAS N/A Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	(CAS 14808-60-7)	
California Proposition 65		
		ou to chemicals including Crystalline silica (Quartz), which are known to ause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
US. California. Candida subd. (a))	artz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	arcinogenic substance Listed: October 1, 1988 er Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3,

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	19-December-2014
Revision date	09-October-2020
Version #	02
Further information	Crystalline silica: Raw materials in this product may contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product. However, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing. Industrial hygiene testing by RJ Lee Group showed that cutting with a utility knife or a router equipped with a dust collection system did not produce airborne respirable crystalline in exceedance of OSHA PELs. However, cutting with a power saw, even with a dust collection system in place, did produce some exceedances. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung cancer.
	Slag Wool Fiber: Large morbidity and mortality studies of both European and North American mineral wool manufacturing workers have been conducted. These studies have found no significant association of non-malignant (i.e. fibrosis) or malignant (i.e., lung cancer or mesothelioma) lung disease and exposures to slag wool fibers and have not established a causal relationship between exposure and non-malignant or malignant diseases. In 2001, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) assigned slag wool fiber to the Group 3 category ["not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans"]. The synthetic mineral fiber used in this product is exonerated from classification as a carcinogen in accordance with Note Q in the EU Commission Directive 97/69/EC.
	Titanium dioxide: Raw materials and/or coatings in this product contain small amounts of titanium dioxide. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that titanium dioxide is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals. This conclusion relates to long-term inhalation exposure to high concentrations of pigmentary (powdered) or ultrafine titanium dioxide. However, no significant exposure to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints. The available human studies do not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and risk for cancer. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has designated this chemical as not classifiable as a human carcinogen (A4). The US National Toxicology Program (NTP) has not listed this chemical in its report on carcinogens.
	NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0
	Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe



 International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Volume 93: Carbon Black, Titanium Dioxide, and Talc; (5. Summary of data reported). IARC, 2010. Available at: http://monographs.iarc.fr/ENG/Monographs/vol93/mono93.pdf North American Insulation Manufacturer's Association (NAIMA). Working Smart with Fiber Glass, Rock Wool and Slag Wool Products. NAIMA, 2007. Available at: http://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/02/N059.pdf
This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.