# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

**Product identifier** USG Sheetrock® Brand EcoSmart Panels Mold Tough® Firecode® X

Other means of identification

54000006005 SDS number

Gypsum Panels, Drywall, Plasterboard, Wallboard **Synonyms** 

Recommended use Interior use. **Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name United States Gypsum Company

Address 550 West Adams Street

Chicago, Illinois 60661-3637

1-800-874-4968 Telephone Website www.usg.com 1-800-507-8899 **Emergency phone number** 

2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Not classified. Not classified. **Health hazards** 

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Category 3

long-term hazard

**OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

None. **Hazard symbol** Signal word None.

Harmful to aquatic life. **Hazard statement** 

**Precautionary statement** 

Prevention Avoid release to the environment.

Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell. Response

Storage Store as indicated in Section 7.

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. **Disposal** 

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4)	13397-24-5	≥ 85
Cellulose	9004-34-6	< 5
Sodium pyrithione	3811-73-2	< 0.25

#### **Composition comments**

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas.

The gypsum used to manufacture these panels contains respirable crystalline silica ranging up to 0.56 percent by weight, depending on source, as indicated by bulk sampling methods. Industrial hygiene testing using both personal and area sampling measured no detectable respirable crystalline silica when cutting the product by "score and snap," rotary saw, or circular saw. Good work practices which minimize the extent of dust generation should be followed, and actual employee exposure must be determined by workplace industrial hygiene testing.

## 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Skin contact

Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eve contact

Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed **General information** 

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Not applicable.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical Special protective equipment Not a fire hazard.

and precautions for firefighters

Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.

#### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use work methods which minimize dust production. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When moving board with a forklift or similar equipment, it is essential that the equipment be rated capable of handling the loads. The forks should always be long enough to extend completely through the width of the load. Fork spacing between supports should be one half the length of the panels or base being handled so that a maximum of 4' extends beyond the supports on either end.

Follow traditional building practices; such as management of water away from the interior of the structure to avoid the growth of mold, mildew and fungus. Remove any building products suspected of being exposed to sustained moisture and considered conducive to mold growth from the job site. Gypsum panels are very heavy, awkward loads posing the risk of severe back injury. Use proper lifting techniques.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Protect product from physical damage. Protect from weather and prevent exposure to sustained moisture. Gypsum Association literature (GA-801-07) recommends storing board flat to avoid damaging edges, warping the board and the potential safety hazards of the board falling over. However, in other situations, storing the board flat may cause a tripping hazard or exceed floor limit loads. If stacking board vertically, leave at least 4 inches from the wall to decrease the risk of falling board and no more than 6 inches to avoid too much lateral weight against the wall.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	5		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5) Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3 10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen	nical Hazards	•	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total

**Biological limit values** 

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational

exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposure.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear approved safety goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin

contact use suitable protective gloves.

Skin protection

Other

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator

use. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

Thermal hazards

None.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Paper faced with gypsum core.

**Physical state** Solid. Panel. **Form** 

Color Gray to off-white. Odor Low to no odor. **Odor threshold** Not applicable.

6 - 8

Melting point/freezing point Not applicable. Initial boiling point and boiling Not applicable.

range

Not applicable. Flash point **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not applicable. Not applicable. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not applicable. Vapor pressure Vapor density Not applicable.

Relative density 2.32 (Gypsum) (H2O=1)

Solubility(ies)

0.26 g/100 g (H2O) Solubility (water) Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Not applicable.

Not applicable. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** 2642 °F (1450 °C) **Viscosity** Not applicable.

Other information

**Bulk density** 36 lb/ft3 Varies. Particle size VOC 0 %

### 10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport. Reactivity

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible materials. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition

products

Calcium oxides, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Mechanical processing may generate dust. Gypsum dust has an irritant action on mucous Inhalation

membranes of the upper respiratory tract and eyes (1).

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a skin hazard. Gypsum was Skin contact

not found to be a skin irritant (2).

Eye contact Mechanical processing may generate dust. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary

irritation (1).

Ingestion Not likely, due to the form of the product. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Low hazard.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Gypsum was not found to be a skin irritant.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Gypsum does not cause serious eye damage or irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** No data available, but based on results from the skin sensitization study, calcium sulfate is not

expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** Not a skin sensitizer (2).

Germ cell mutagenicity

No evidence of mutagenic potential exists (3,4,5).

Carcinogenicity

No evidence of carcinogenic potential exists (6).

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed

**NTP Report on Carcinogens** 

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

**Reproductive toxicity** No evidence of reproductive toxicity exists (2).

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not toxic to lung tissue.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not toxic to lung tissue (6).

Aspiration hazard Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

**Further information** Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease

might be aggravated by exposure.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life.

Components Species Test Results

Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)

**Aquatic** 

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 1970 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability 
Not applicable for the salt of inorganic compounds. Calcium sulfate dissolves in water without

undergoing chemical degradation.

**Bioaccumulative potential** Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil Calcium sulfate has a low potential for adsorption to soil. If water is applied, gypsum dissolves and

the calcium and sulfate ions are mobile and penetrate the subsoil (7).

Other adverse effects None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated packaging** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

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#### **IMDG**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to

Not applicable. This product is a solid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by IMSBC code.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

# 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is not hazardous according to OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

No

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

**US state regulations**This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)

Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)

Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)

Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)

**US. Rhode Island RTK** 

Calcium sulfate dihydrate (alternative CAS 10101-41-4) (CAS 13397-24-5)

Cellulose (CAS 9004-34-6)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 19-July-2017

Revision date - 01

#### **Further information**

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

#### **NFPA** ratings



#### List of abbreviations

#### References

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.

- 1. US National Library of Medicine (NLM) (1998). Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB).
- 2. Tested by LG Life Science/Toxicology Center, Korea (2002). National Institute of Environmental Research (NIER).
- 3. Dopp E et al. (1995). Environ. Health Perspect. 103(3), 268-271.
- 4. Cremer H.H. et al. (1988). Wiss. Umwelt. 4, 202-205.
- 5. Fujita H et al. (1988). Kenkya Nenpo-Tokyo-Toritsu Eisei Kenkynsho. 39, 343-350.
- 6. Clouter et al. (1998). Inhal. Toxicol. 10, 3-14.
- 7. Shainberg et al. (1989). Advanced Soil Sci. 9, 1-111.

#### Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.

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