

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	SHEETROCK® Brand Joint Compound, Topping, Ready-Mixed
Other means of identification	
SDS number	61000010006
Synonyms	Joint Compound (Ready-Mixed) , Taping Compound, Mud, Finishing Compound
Recommended use	Interior use.
Recommended restrictions	Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
Manufacturer / Importer / Supplie	er / Distributor information
Company name	United States Gypsum Company
Address	550 West Adams Street
	Chicago, Illinois 60661-3637
Telephone	1-800-874-4968
Website	www.usg.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Emergency phone number 1-800-507-8899

Physical hazards Health hazards	Not classified. Not classified.
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.
Label elements	
Hazard symbol	None.
Signal word	None.
Hazard statement	None.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Response	Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell.
Storage	Store as indicated in Section 7.
Disposal	Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Not classified.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures		
Chemical name	CAS number	%
Limestone	1317-65-3	> 60
Attapulgite	12174-11-7	< 5

Composition comments 4. First-aid measures	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. The weight percent of respirable crystalline silica found in this product is < 1.0%. The OSHA PEL for respirable crystalline silica has been lowered to 0.05 mg/m3, effective June 23, 2016 with compliance dates of June 23, 2017 for construction and June 23, 2018 for general industry. Testing of this product and its constituents suggests that under normal conditions the expected use of this product will not result in exposure to respirable crystalline silica that exceeds the OSHA PEL. However, actual exposures to respirable crystalline silica on a given jobsite must be determined by workplace hygiene testing.	
Inhalation	Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.	
Skin contact	Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.	
Eye contact	Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.	
SHEETROCK® Brand Joint Compo	und, Topping, Ready-Mixed SDS I	US

Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Dust may irritate eyes and mucous membranes of the nose, throat and upper respiratory system causing sneezing and/or coughing. May cause allergic skin disorders in sensitive individuals.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Not applicable.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Not a fire hazard.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
Specific methods	Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.
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protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Environmental precautions 7. Handling and storage Precautions for safe handling Conditions for safe storage,	Large Spills: Scoop spilled materials and recover as much of the product as possible for use. If spillage is unrecoverable dispose according to local, state, and federal regulations. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Use proper lifting techniques. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat. Do not use if material has spoiled, i.e.,
protective equipment and emergency procedures Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Environmental precautions 7. Handling and storage Precautions for safe handling Conditions for safe storage,	 Large Spills: Scoop spilled materials and recover as much of the product as possible for use. If spillage is unrecoverable dispose according to local, state, and federal regulations. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Use proper lifting techniques. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat. Do not use if material has spoiled, i.e., there is a moldy appearance or an unpleasant odor. Keep containers closed when not in use. Filled 4.5 gallon pails of joint compound may be stacked a maximum of 3 layers high on a standard 48 x 48 pallet (16 pails per layer, 3 layers high). Pallets may only be stacked a maximum

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3 10 mg/m3	Respirable. Total
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for	the ingredient(s).	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient ventilation for operati exposure limits and minimize the risk or		Observe occupational
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipmer	nt	
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	It is a good industrial hygiene practice t contact use suitable protective gloves.	o minimize skin contact. For	prolonged or repeated skin
Other	Normal work clothing (long sleeved shi	ts and long pants) is recomn	nended.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain limits (where applicable) or to an accep been established), an approved respira purifying respirator as needed to contro determine respirator selection, use, and for uncontrolled releases or when air pur respirator protection program requirement use.	table level (in countries wher tor must be worn. Use a NIO I exposure. Consult with resp I limitations. Use positive pre urifying respirator limitations r	e exposure limits have not SH/MSHA approved air birator manufacturer to ssure, air-supplied respirator may be exceeded. Follow
Thermal hazards	None.		
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene and before eating, drinking, and/or smo equipment separately from regular was	king. Routinely wash work cl	othing and protective

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Recommended exposure limit (REL)

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Semi-solid.
Form	Paste.
Color	Off-white.
Odor	Low to no odor.
Odor threshold	Not applicable.
рН	7.5 - 9.9
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	212 °F (100 °C)
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	Not applicable.
Vapor density	Not applicable.
Relative density	1.4 - 1.8 (H2O=1)
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Other information	
Bulk density	12 - 15 lb/gal
VOC (Weight %)	2 g/l (Calculated by EPA Method 24)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	None known.
Incompatible materials	None known.
Hazardous decomposition products	Above 1472°F (800°C) limestone (CaCO3) can decompose to lime (CaO) and release carbon dioxide (CO2).

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Inhalation	Airborne dust may irritate throat and upper respiratory system causing coughing.
Skin contact	May cause allergic skin reactions especially in individuals with pre-existing skin disease such as eczema. (See Section 16).
Eye contact	Airborne dust may cause mechanical eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Dust may irritate eyes and mucous membranes of the nose, throat and upper respiratory system causing sneezing and/or coughing.
Information on toxicological ef	fects
Acute toxicity	Not expected to be a hazard under normal conditions of intended use.
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Acute toxicity	Not expected to be a hazard under normal conditions of intended use.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	The product contains a small amount of sensitizing substance which may provoke an allergic reaction among sensitive individuals after repeated contact. For detailed information, see section 16.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Data does not suggest that this product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	This product is not expected to increase the risk of cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall E	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Attapulgite (CAS 12174-1	1-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No data available, but none expected.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. For detailed information, see section 16.	
12. Ecological information		
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.	
Persistence and degradability	No data available.	
Bioaccumulative notential	Discourse ulation is not even acted	

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is not expected.

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Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous waste code	Not regulated.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

IATA

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

IMDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	No
SARA 311/312 Hazardous	No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous I chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act	Not regulated.
(SDWA)	-

Food and Drug Not regulated.

Administration (FDA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Attapulgite (CAS 12174-11-7)

International Inventories

All components of this product are in compliance with the listing Requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	21-January-2014
Revision date	13-March-2023
Version #	04
Further information	

Attapulgite: Carcinogenic to experimental animals via a route of exposure not relevant to human exposure per ACGIH.

Skin Sensitization Potential: This product contains an amount of Triazinetriethanol (THT) (CAS No. 4719-04-4) that is within the approved EPA regulated limits. THT can act as a sensitizer. Numerous human studies with concentrations up to 1% yielded negative (no sensitization) results. However, some results showed positive reactions in concentrations <0.5% mostly in persons with eczema.

Crystalline silica: Raw materials in this product may contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product. However, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung cancer.

Bucket NFPA Classification: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

NFPA Ratings



List of abbreviations	NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.
References	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank Torben et al. (2001). Environmental and Health Assessment of Substances in Household Detergents and Cosmetic Products.
Disclaimer	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.